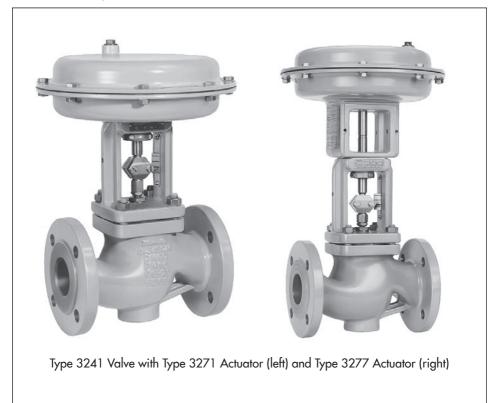
MOUNTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



EB 8012 EN

Translation of original instructions



Type 3241 Valve · ANSI and JIS versions

In combination with an actuator, e.g. a Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

Edition November 2022

Note on these mounting and operating instructions

These mounting and operating instructions assist you in mounting and operating the device safely. The instructions are binding for handling SAMSON devices. The images shown in these instructions are for illustration purposes only. The actual product may vary.

- ➔ For the safe and proper use of these instructions, read them carefully and keep them for later reference.
- → If you have any questions about these instructions, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service (aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com).



Documents relating to the device, such as the mounting and operating instructions, are available on our website at *www.samsongroup.com* > *Service & Support* > *Downloads* > *Documentation*.

Definition of signal words

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury

Property damage message or malfunction

i Note

Additional information

∹∑: Tip

Recommended action

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1 Safety instructions and measures

Intended use

The SAMSON Type 3241 Globe Valve in combination with an actuator (e.g. Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator) is designed to regulate the flow rate, pressure or temperature of liquids, gases or vapors. The valve with its actuator is designed to operate under exactly defined conditions (e.g. operating pressure, process medium, temperature). Therefore, operators must ensure that the control valve is only used in operating conditions that meet the specifications used for sizing the valve at the ordering stage. In case operators intend to use the control valve in applications or conditions other than those specified, contact SAMSON.

SAMSON does not assume any liability for damage resulting from the failure to use the device for its intended purpose or for damage caused by external forces or any other external factors.

→ Refer to the technical data and nameplate for limits and fields of application as well as possible uses.

Reasonably foreseeable misuse

The control value is not suitable for the following applications:

- Use outside the limits defined during sizing and by the technical data
- Use outside the limits defined by the valve accessories connected to the valve

Furthermore, the following activities do not comply with the intended use:

- Use of non-original spare parts
- Performing service and repair work not described

Qualifications of operating personnel

The control valve must be mounted, started up, serviced and repaired by fully trained and qualified personnel only; the accepted industry codes and practices must be observed. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel refers to individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible hazards due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.

Welding operations must only be performed by personnel who has the necessary qualification to perform the applied welding procedure and handle the materials used.

Explosion-protected versions of this device must be operated only by personnel who has undergone special training or instructions or who is authorized to work on explosionprotected devices in hazardous areas.

Personal protective equipment

We recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

▶ GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database). Depending on the process medium and/

or the activity, the protective equipment required includes:

- Protective clothing, gloves, eye protection and respiratory protection in applications with hot, cold and/or corrosive media
- Wear hearing protection when working near the valve
- Hard hat
- Safety harness, e.g. when working at height
- Safety footwear, if applicable ESD (electrostatic discharge) footwear
- → Check with the plant operator for details on further protective equipment.

Revisions and other modifications

Revisions, conversions or other modifications of the product are not authorized by SAMSON. They are performed at the user's own risk and may lead to safety hazards, for example. Furthermore, the product may no longer meet the requirements for its intended use.

Safety features

The fail-safe position of the control valve upon air supply or control signal failure depends on the actuator used (see associated actuator documentation). When the valve is combined with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator, the valve moves to a certain fail-safe position (see the 'Design and principle of operation' section) upon supply air or control signal failure. The fail-safe action of the actuator is the same as its direction of action and is specified on the nameplate of SAMSON actuators.

Warning against residual hazards

To avoid personal injury or property damage, plant operators and operating personnel must prevent hazards that could be caused in the control valve by the process medium, the operating pressure, the signal pressure or by moving parts by taking appropriate precautions. Plant operators and operating personnel must observe all hazard statements, warnings and caution notes in these mounting and operating instructions.

Hazards resulting from the special working conditions at the installation site of the valve must be identified in a risk assessment and prevented through the corresponding safety instructions drawn up by the operator.

Responsibilities of the operator

Operators are responsible for proper use and compliance with the safety regulations. Operators are obliged to provide these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents to the operating personnel and to instruct them in proper operation. Furthermore, operators must ensure that operating personnel or third parties are not exposed to any danger.

Operators are additionally responsible for ensuring that the limits for the product defined in the technical data are observed. This also applies to the start-up and shutdown procedures. Start-up and shutdown procedures fall within the scope of the operator's duties and, as such, are not part of these mounting and operating instructions. SAMSON is unable to make any statements about these procedures since the operative details (e.g. differential pressures and temperatures) vary in each individual case and are only known to the operator.

Responsibilities of operating personnel

Operating personnel must read and understand these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents and observe the specified hazard statements, warnings and caution notes. Furthermore, operating personnel must be familiar with the applicable health, safety and accident prevention regulations and comply with them.

Referenced standards, directives and regulations

The control valves comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU, Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Directive 2016 No. 1105 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 and Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008. Valves with a CE marking and/or UKCA marking have a declaration of conformity, which includes information about the applied conformity assessment procedure. The 'Certificates' section contains this declaration of conformity.

Non-electric control valve versions whose bodies are not lined with an insulating material coating do not have their own potential ignition source according to the hazard assessment stipulated in Clause 5.2 of ISO 80079-36, even in the rare incident of an operating fault. Therefore, such valve versions do not fall within the scope of Directive 2014/34/EU.

➔ For connection to the equipotential bonding system, observe the requirements specified in Clause 6.4 of EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165-1).

Referenced documentation

The following documents apply in addition to these mounting and operating instructions:

 Mounting and operating instructions for the mounted actuator, e.g. ► EB 8310-X for Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

- Mounting and operating instructions for mounted valve accessories (positioner, solenoid valve etc.)
- AB 0100 for tools, tightening torques and lubricant
- Manual ► H 02: Appropriate Machinery Components for SAMSON Pneumatic Control Valves with a Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery
- For oxygen service: Manual ► H 01

The packaging of valve constructed and sized for oxygen service has the following label on it:



 When a substance is used in the device, which is listed as being a substance of very high concern on the candidate list of the REACH regulation:

Information on safe use of the part affected

www.samsongroup.com > About SAMSON > Material Compliance > REACH

If a device contains a substance listed as a substance of very high concern on the candidate list of the REACH regulation, this is indicated on the SAMSON delivery note.

1.1 Notes on possible severe personal injury

Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Valves and pipelines are pressure equipment. Impermissible pressure or improper opening can lead to valve components bursting.

- → Observe the maximum permissible pressure for valve and plant.
- → Before starting any work on the control valve, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the valve.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- → Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

The noise emissions depend on the valve version, plant facilities and process medium.

→ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, air is vented from the actuator, e.g. during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

- → Install the control value in such a way that vent openings are not located at eye level and the actuator does not vent at eye level in the work position.
- → Use suitable silencers and vent plugs.
- → Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ➔ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ➔ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic actuators can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

→ Before starting any work on the actuator, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

- → If possible, drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected and the valve.
- → Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

Risk of personal injury through incorrect operation, use or installation as a result of information on the valve being illegible.

Over time, markings, labels and nameplates on the valve may become covered with dirt or become illegible in some other way. As a result, hazards may go unnoticed and the necessary instructions not followed. There is a risk of personal injury.

- → Keep all relevant markings and inscriptions on the device in a constantly legible state.
- → Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.

1.3 Notes on possible property damage

Risk of valve damage due to contamination (e.g. solid particles) in the pipeline.

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

→ Flush the pipelines before start-up.

Risk of valve damage due to unsuitable medium properties.

The valve is designed for a process medium with defined properties.

→ Only use the process medium specified for sizing the equipment.

Risk of leakage and valve damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the specified tightening torques (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the valve.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

The lubricants to be used depend on the valve material. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage surfaces.

→ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

Risk of the process medium being contaminated through the use of unsuitable lubricants and/or contaminated tools and components.

- → If necessary, keep the valve and the tools used free from solvents and grease.
- → Make sure that only suitable lubricants are used.

1.4 Notes on the use of an RFID tag

The RFID tag is subject to certain restrictions due to its application range (technical specifications).

- → Observe the explosion protection certificates of the RFID tag when it is to be used on valves installed in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- → Do not expose the RFID tag to strong electric fields.
- ➔ Avoid electrostatic charging.
- → Observe the application range (technical specifications) of the RFID tag.

1.5 Warnings on the device

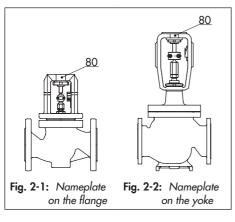
Warning sym- bols	Meaning of the warning	Location on the device
	Warning against moving parts There is a risk of injury to hands or fingers through the stroking movement of the actuator and plug stem if they are inserted into the yoke while the air supply is con- nected to the actuator.	

2 Markings on the device

The nameplate shown was up to date at the time of publishing of this document. The nameplate on the device may differ from the one shown.

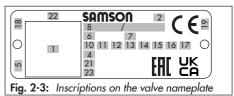
2.1 Valve nameplate

In valve sizes NPS ½ to 6, the valve nameplate (80) is affixed to the flange (Fig. 2-1). The valve nameplate in valve sizes NPS 8 and larger is located on the yoke (Fig. 2-2).



i Note

Fig. 2-3 and the inscription table list all possible characteristics and options that may appear on a valve nameplate. Only the inscriptions relevant to the ordered Type 3241 Valve actually appear on the nameplate.



Item	Inscription meaning
1	Data Matrix code
2	Type designation
4	Material
5	Month and year of manufacture
6	Valve size: DIN: DN · ANSI: NPS · JIS: DN
7	Pressure rating: DIN: PN · ANSI: CL · JIS: K
8	Order number/item
10	Flow coefficient: DIN: KV S · ANSI: CV
11	Characteristic: %: equal percentage · LIN : linear mod-lin : modified linear
	NO/NC: on/off service
12	Seat-plug seal: ME: metal · HA: carbide metal · ST: metal base material with Stellite® facing KE: ceramic · PT: PTFE soft seal · PK: PEEK soft seal
13	Seat code (trim material): on request
14	Pressure balancing: DIN: D · ANSI/JIS: B
	Version: M: mixing valve · V: diverting valve

ltem	Inscription meaning
15	Noise reduction: 1: flow divider (ST) 1 · 2: ST 2 · 3: ST 3 · 1/PSA: ST 1 standard and inte- grated in seat for PSA valve · AC-1/AC-2/AC-3/AC-5: anti-cavitation trim, versions 1 to 5 LK: perforated plug · LK1/LK2/LK3: perfo- rated plug with flow divider ST 1 to ST 3 · MHC1: multi-hole cage · CC1: Combi Cage · ZT1: Zero Travel · LDB: Low dB
16	PSA version: PSA
17	Cage/seat style: CS: clamped-in seat · CG: guided cage · SS: screwed-in seat · SF: suspended cage, flanged seat
18	Country of origin
19	ID of the notified body (EU), for example: – 0062 for Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE
21	PED: Pressure Equipment Directive
	G1/G2 : gases and vapors Fluid group 1 = hazardous Fluid group 2 = other
	L1/L2: liquids Fluid group 1 = hazardous Fluid group 2 = other
22	I/II/III: Category 1 to 3 Serial number
22	
23	Hardware version (NE 53)

-☆- Tip

We recommend to include the device's serial number (22 on the nameplate) and/or its material number (as specified in the order confirmation) in the plant documentation for the associated tag number. The serial number enables you to view the device's current technical data as configured by SAMSON. The material number enables you to view the device's technical data as configured by SAMSON upon delivery of the device. To view these data, go to our website at > www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > Electronic nameplate. For example, you can also use the associated information to order a new nameplate from our After-sales Service, if required.

2.2 Actuator nameplate

See associated actuator documentation.

2.3 Material numbers

The seat and plug of the valves have an item number written on them. You can contact us stating this item number to find out which material is used. Additionally, a seat code is used to identify the trim material. This seat code is specified on the nameplate.

2.4 Label when an adjustable packing is installed

An instructional label is affixed to the valve when an adjustable packing is installed (see Fig. 2-4).



2.5 Optional RFID tag

The RFID tag is located directly next to the nameplate on valves ordered with the RFID tag option. It contains the same data as included in the Data Matrix code on the electronic nameplate. It can be read using a smartphone, tablet or RFID reader.

Application range according to the technical data (see the 'Design and principle of operation' section).

3 Design and principle of operation

See Fig. 3-1 and Fig. 3-2 on page 3-2. The Type 3241 Valve is a single-seated globe valve. This valve is preferably combined with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator. It can also be combined with other actuators.

The seat (4) and plug with plug stem (5) are installed in the body (1). The plug stem is connected to the actuator stem (A7) by the stem connector clamps (A26) and is sealed by a spring-loaded V-ring packing (16). The springs in the pneumatic actuator (A) are located either above or below the diaphragm depending on the selected fail-safe action. A change in the signal pressure acting on the diaphragm causes the plug to move. The actuator size is determined by the diaphragm area.

The medium flows through the valve in the direction indicated by the arrow. A rise in signal pressure causes the force acting on the diaphragm in the actuator to increase. The springs are compressed. Depending on the selected direction of action, the actuator stem retracts or extends. As a result, the plug position in the seat changes and determines the flow rate through the valve.

∹∑́- Tip

We recommend the use of positioners with integrated diagnostic firmware (see section 3.4) for valves used for on/off service. The partial stroke test included in this software helps prevent a shut-off valve normally in its end position from seizing up or getting jammed.

3.1 Fail-safe action

The fail-safe position of the control valve upon air supply or control signal failure depends on the actuator used (see associated actuator documentation).

Depending on how the compression springs are arranged in the SAMSON Type 3271 and Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator, the valve has one of two different fail-safe positions:

- Actuator stem extends (FA)

When the signal pressure is reduced or the air supply fails, the springs move the actuator stem downward and close the valve. The valve opens when the signal pressure is increased enough to overcome the force exerted by the springs.

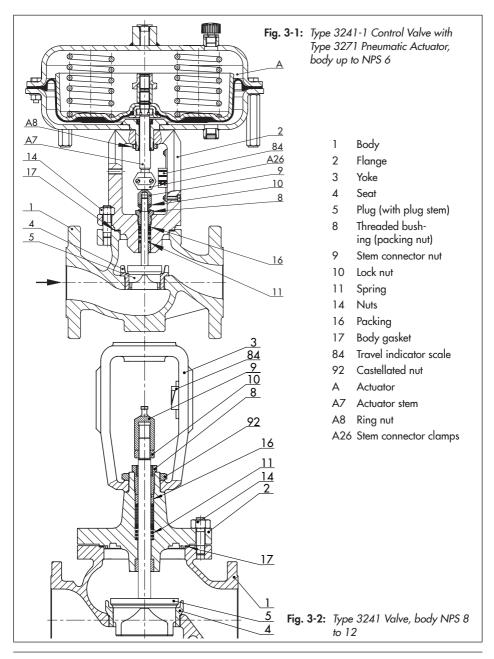
Actuator stem retracts (FE)

When the signal pressure is reduced or the air supply fails, the springs move the actuator stem upwards and open the valve. The valve closes when the signal pressure is increased enough to overcome the force exerted by the springs.

∛∵ Tip

The actuator's direction of action can be reversed, if required. Refer to the mounting and operating instructions of the pneumatic actuator:

▶ EB 8310-X for Type 3271 and Type 3277



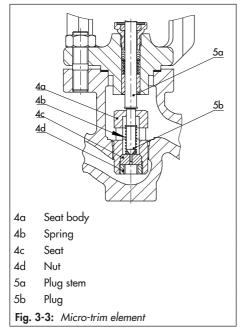
3.2 Versions

With insulating section/bellows seal

The modular design allows an insulating section or bellows seal to be fitted to the standard valve version.

Micro-flow valve version

In the micro-flow valve version, a micro-trim element is installed in the valve body instead of the usual seat/plug assembly (Fig. 3-3).



Actuators

In these instructions, the preferable combination with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator is described. The pneumatic actuator (with or without handwheel) can be replaced by another pneumatic actuator in a different size, but with the same travel.

→ Observe the maximum permissible actuator force.

i Note

If the travel range of the actuator is larger than the travel range of the valve, the spring assembly in the actuator must be preloaded so that the travel ranges match. See associated actuator documentation.

The basic pneumatic actuator can be replaced by a pneumatic actuator with additional handwheel or by an electric actuator (see Information Sheet ► T 8300).

3.3 Additional fittings

Strainers

We recommend installing a SAMSON strainer upstream of the valve. It prevents solid particles in the process medium from damaging the valve.

Bypass and shut-off valves

We recommend installing a shut-off valve both upstream of the strainer and downstream of the valve and installing a bypass line. The bypass ensures that the plant does not need to be shut down for service and repair work on the valve.

Insulation

Control valves can be insulated to reduce heat energy transfer.

Refer to the instructions in the 'Installation' section.

Test connection

Versions with bellows seal fitted with a test connection (G 1/8) at the top flange allow the sealing ability of the bellows to be monitored.

Particularly for liquids and vapors, we recommend installing a suitable leakage indicator (e.g. a contact pressure gauge, an outlet to an open vessel or an inspection glass).

Safety guard

For operating conditions that require increased safety (e.g. in cases where the valve is freely accessible to untrained staff), a safety guard must be installed to rule out a crush hazard arising from moving parts (actuator and plug stem). Plant operators are responsible for deciding whether a guard is to be used. The decision is based on the risk posed by the plant and its operating conditions.

Noise reduction

Trims with flow dividers can be used to reduce noise emission (see ► T 8081).

3.4 Valve accessories

Information Sheet > T 8350

3.5 Technical data

The nameplates on the valve and actuator provide information on the control valve version. See the 'Markings on the device' section.

i Note

More information is available in Data Sheets ► T 8012 and ► T 8012-2.

Conformity

The Type 3241 Valve bears both the CE and EAC marks of conformity.



Temperature range

Depending on the version, the control valve is designed for a temperature range from -10 to +220 °C (14 to 428 °F). The use of an insulating section or bellows seal can extend the temperature range from -196 to +450 °C (-325 to +842 °F) depending on the properties of the materials used.

Leakage class

Depending on the version, the following leakage class applies:

Seal (12 on nameplate)	ME, ST	ME, ST	PT, PK
Pressure balancing (14 on nameplate)	-	D/B	-
Leakage class (according to ANSI/FCI 70-2)	Min. IV	Min. IV	VI

Noise emissions

SAMSON is unable to make general statements about noise emissions. The noise emissions depend on the valve version, plant facilities and process medium.

Optional RFID tag

Application range according to the technical specifications and the explosion protection certificates. These documents are available on our website at ► www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > Electronic nameplate.

Dimensions and weights

Table 3-1 to Table 3-3 provide an overview of the dimensions and weights of the standard version of Type 3241 Valve. Table 3-4 and Table 3-5 list the dimensions and weights for the Type 3241 Valve with insulating section or bellows seal.

Dimensions in mm · Weights in kg

		NPS	1⁄2	3⁄4	1	11/2	2	2 ½	3	4	6		
Valve		DN	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	100	150		
		NPT	1⁄2	3⁄4	1	11/2	2	-	-	-	-		
	Class 125 and 150	in	7.25	7.25	7.25	8.75	10.00	10.88	11.75	13.88	17.75		
Length		mm	184	184	184	222	254	276	298	352	451		
L ¹⁾	Class 200	in	7.50	7.62	7.75	9.25	10.50	11.50	12.50	14.50	18.62		
	Class 300	mm	190	194	197	235	267	292	318	368	473		
	≤750 cm²	in		8.74		8.78 10			.31	13.94	15.35		
		mm		222		22	23	20	52	354	390		
H1 for	1000 cm ²	in											
actua- tor	1400- 60 cm ²	mm		- 413 450									
	1400-	in											
	120 cm ² 2800 cm ²						-						
		in	1.87	2.07	2.26	2.95	3.24	3.86 ³⁾	3.93	4.65 ³⁾	6.89 ³⁾		
H2 ²⁾	Cast steel	mm	47.5	52.5	57.5	75	82.5	98 ³⁾	100	118 ³⁾	175 ³⁾		
for ver- sion	Forged steel	in	2.1 ³⁾		2.76 ³⁾	3.7 ³⁾	3.93 ³⁾		5.2 ³⁾				
		mm	53 ³⁾	_	70 ³⁾	94 ³⁾	100 ³⁾	_	132 ³⁾	_	_		

 Table 3-1: Dimensions of Type 3241 Valve, up to NPS 6 (DN 150)

¹⁾ Face-to-face dimensions according to ANSI/ISA 75.08.01

²⁾ The H2 dimension is the distance from the middle of the flow path to the lowest point of the valve. This point may be the bottom of the connecting flange or the bottom of the valve body.

³⁾ Contrary to the drawing, the lowest point is the bottom of the valve body.

		NPS	8	10/cast iron	10	10	12
Valve		DN	200	250/cast iron up to 200 mm seat bore	250 up to 200 mm seat bore	250 seat bore 250 mm and larger	300
	Class 125	in	21.38	21.38	26.50	26.50	29.00
Length	and 150	mm	543	543	673	673	737
L ¹⁾	Class 300	in	22.38	22.38	27.88	27.88	30.50
		mm	568	568	708	708	775
H4		in	15.35	15.35	17.76	17.76	25.67
Π4		mm	390	390	451	451	652
	1000 cm² 1400-	in	16.46	16.46	16.46		19.80
H8 ²⁾ for	60 cm ²	mm	418	418	418	_	503
actua- tor	1400- 120 cm ²	in	19.80	19.80	19.80	25.59	25.59
	120 cm ² 2800 cm ²	mm	503	503	503	650	650
H2		in	9.06	10.24	11.61	11.61	13.98
		mm	230	260	295	295	355

Table 3-2: Dimensions of Type 3241 Valve, NPS 8 (DN 200) and larger

¹⁾ Face-to-face dimensions according to ANSI/ISA 75.08.01

²¹ H8 increases by 6.69" (170 mm) for valves with C_V 290, 420 or 735 (K_{VS} 250, 360 or 630) and 60 mm rated travel operating with overtravel

Value	NPS	1⁄2	3⁄4	1	11/2	2	2 ½	3	4	6	8	10	12
Valve	DN	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	100	150	200	250	300
Weight	lbs	15	18	20	35	44	71	82	137	287	1096	1892	2535
without actuator	kg	7	8	9	16	20	32	37	62	130	497	858	1150

Table 3-3: Weights for Type 3241 Valve

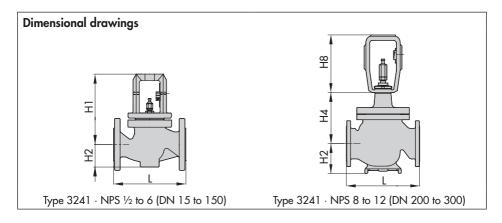


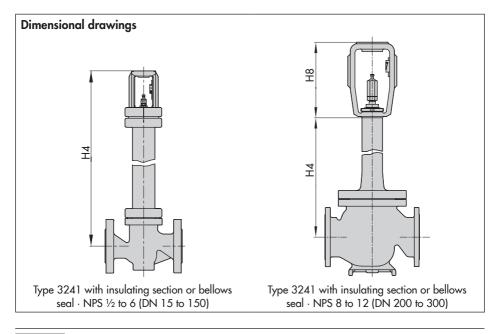
 Table 3-4: Dimensions and weights for the Type 3241 Valve with insulating section or bellows seal up to NPS 6 (DN 150)

			NPS	1⁄2	3⁄4	1	11/2	2	2 ½	3	4	6
Valve s	size		DN	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	100	150
		Insulating	in		16.10		16	.14	17.	.76	25.04	26.46
	≤750 cm²	section or bellows seal	mm		409		4	410		51	636	672
		1	in		28.07		28	.11	29	72	34.53	35.94
		Long	mm		713		7	4	75	55	877	913
	1000 cm² 1400-	Insulating	in								27.36	28.82
H4 for actua-		section or bellows seal	mm				-				695	732
tor	60 cm ²	long	in								36.85	38.31
		Long	mm				_				936	973
		Insulating	in									
	1400- 120 cm²/	section or bellows seal	mm					-				
	2800 cm ²	Long	in mm					_				

Valve size		NPS	1⁄2	3⁄4	1	11/2	2	2 ½	3	4	6
valve size	DN	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	100	150	
Weight without actuator (approx.)	Insulating	lbs	22	24	26	49	57	88	99	176	353
	section or bellows seal	kg	10	11	12	22	26	40	45	80	160
	1	lbs	31	33	35	57	66	97	108	194	370
	Long	kg	14	15	16	26	30	44	49	88	168

 Table 3-5: Dimensions and weights for the Type 3241 Valve with insulating section or bellows seal for NPS 8 (DN 200) and larger

Version	with			Insulating	g section		Bellows seal					
Valve size		NPS	8	10 up to 200 mm seat bore	10 SB 250 mm	12	8	10 up to 200 mm seat bore	10 SB 250 mm	12		
		DN	200	250 up to 200 mm seat bore	250 SB 250 mm	300	200	250 up to 200 mm seat bore	250 SB 250 mm	300		
	1000 cm ² 1400- 60 cm ²	in	32.7	41.9	-	45.3	40.8	58.7	-	59.8		
H4 for actua-		mm	830	1065	-	1150	1036	1492	-	1520		
tor	1400-	in	32.7	41.9	41.9	45.3	40.8	58.7	58.7	59.8		
	120 cm ² 2800 cm ²	mm	830	1065	1065	1150	1036	1492	1492	1520		
	1000 cm ²	in	16.5	16.5		19.8	16.5	16.5		19.8		
H8 for	1400- 60 cm ²	mm	418	418	_	503	418	418	_ [503		
actua- tor	1400-	in	19.8	19.8	25.6	25.6	19.8	19.8	25.6	25.6		
	120 cm ² 2800 cm ²	mm	503	503	650	650	503	503	650	650		
Weight	Weight without		1191	2220	2220	2690	1312	2407	2407	2793		
actuator	(approx.)	kg	540	1007	1007	1220	595	1092	1092	1267		



i Note

Refer to the following data sheets for more dimensions and weights:

- ▶ T 8012 for ANSI valve versions with bellows seal, insulating section or heating jacket
- ▶ T 8012-2 for JIS valve versions with bellows seal, insulating section or heating jacket

The associated actuator documentation applies to actuators, e.g. SAMSON pneumatic actuators:

- ▶ T 8310-1 for Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuators up to 750 cm² actuator area
- ▶ T 8310-2 for Type 3271 Actuator with 1000 cm² actuator area and larger
- ▶ T 8310-3 for Type 3271 Actuator with 1400-60 cm² actuator area

4 Shipment and on-site transport

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

4.1 Accepting the delivered goods

After receiving the shipment, proceed as follows:

- Check the scope of delivery. Check that the specifications on the valve nameplate match the specifications in the delivery note. See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.
- Check the shipment for transportation damage. Report any damage to SAM-SON and the forwarding agent (refer to delivery note).
- Determine the weight and dimensions of the units to be lifted and transported in order to select the appropriate lifting equipment and lifting accessories. Refer to the transport documents and the 'Technical data' section.

4.2 Removing the packaging from the valve

Observe the following sequence:

Do not open or remove the packaging until immediately before lifting to install the valve into the pipeline.

- Leave the control valve in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it on site.
- → Do not remove the protective caps from the inlet and outlet until immediately before installing the valve into the pipeline. They prevent foreign particles from entering the valve.
- ➔ Dispose and recycle the packaging in accordance with the local regulations.

4.3 Transporting and lifting the valve

Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- → Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- → Close off and secure the transport paths.

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).

Risk of personal injury due to the control valve tipping over.

- → Observe the valve's center of gravity.
- → Secure the valve against tipping over or turning.

Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the control valve without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injury in particular) depending on the weight of the control valve.

 Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.

Risk of valve damage due to incorrectly attached slings.

The lifting eyelet/eyebolt on SAMSON actuators is only intended for mounting and removing the actuator as well as lifting the actuator without valve. Do not use this lashing point to lift the entire control valve assembly.

- When lifting the control valve, make sure that the slings attached to the valve body bear the entire load.
- ➔ Do not attach load-bearing slings to the actuator, handwheel or any other parts.
- → Observe lifting instructions (see section 4.3.2).

🔆 Tip

A swivel hoist can be screwed into SAMSON actuators with a female thread on the top diaphragm case in place of the eyebolt (see associated actuator documentation).

In contrast to the lifting eyelet/eyebolt, the swivel hoist is designed for setting a control valve assembly upright.

The sling between the swivel hoist and rigging equipment (hook, shackle etc.) must not bear any load when lifting a control valve assembly. The sling only protects the control valve from tilting while being lifted.

∹∑- Tip

Our after-sales service can provide more detailed transport and lifting instructions on request.

4.3.1 Transporting the valve

The control valve can be transported using lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift).

- → Leave the control valve in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it.
- → Observe the transport instructions.

Transport instructions

- Protect the control valve against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.

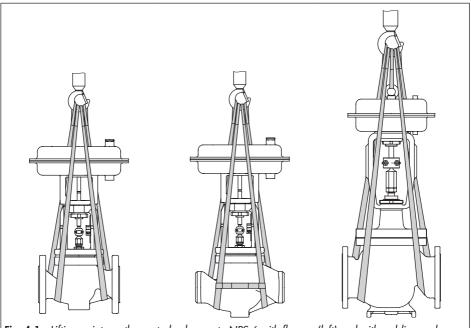
- Protect the piping and any mounted valve accessories against damage.
- Protect the control valve against moisture and dirt.
- The permissible transportation temperature of standard control valves is -20 to +65 °C (-4 to +149 °F).

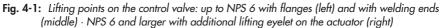
i Note

Contact our after-sales service for the transportation temperatures of other valve versions.

4.3.2 Lifting the valve

To install a large valve into the pipeline, use lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift) to lift it.





Lifting instructions

- Use a hook with safety latch (see Fig. 4-1) to secure the slings from slipping off the hook during lifting and transporting.
- Secure slings against slipping.
- Make sure the slings can be removed from the valve once it has been installed into the pipeline.
- Prevent the control valve from tilting or tipping over.
- Do not leave loads suspended when interrupting work for longer periods of time.
- Make sure that the axis of the pipeline is always horizontal during lifting and the axis of the plug stem is always vertical.
- Make sure that the additional sling between the lashing point on the actuator and rigging equipment (hook, shackle etc.) does not bear any load when lifting valves larger than NPS 6. The sling only protects the control valve from tilting while being lifted. Before lifting the control valve, tighten the sling.

a) Version with flanges

- Attach one sling to each flange of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift (see Fig. 4-1).
- 2. NPS 6 and larger: attach another sling to the lashing point on the actuator and to the rigging equipment.

- Carefully lift the control valve. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.
- 4. Move the control valve at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 5. Install the valve into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- 6. After installation in the pipeline, check whether the flanges are bolted tight and the valve in the pipeline holds.
- 7. Remove slings.

b) Version with welding ends

- Attach one sling to each welding end of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift (see Fig. 4-1).
- 2. Secure the slings attached to the body against slipping using a connector.
- NPS 6 and larger: attach another sling to the lashing point on the actuator and to the rigging equipment.
- Carefully lift the control valve. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.
- 5. Move the control valve at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 6. Install the valve into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- 7. After installation, check whether the weld seams hold.
- 8. Remove connectors and slings.

4.4 Storing the valve

Risk of valve damage due to improper storage.

- → Observe the storage instructions.
- ➔ Avoid long storage times.
- Contact SAMSON in case of different storage conditions or longer storage times.

i Note

We recommend regularly checking the control valve and the prevailing storage conditions during long storage periods.

Storage instructions

- Protect the control valve against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Secure the valve in the stored position against slipping or tipping over.
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the control valve against moisture and dirt. Store it at a relative humidity of less than 75 %. In damp spaces, prevent condensation. If necessary, use a drying agent or heating.
- Make sure that the ambient air is free of acids or other corrosive media.
- The permissible storage temperature of standard control valves is -20 to +65 °C (-4 to +149 °F). Contact our after-sales

service for the storage temperatures of other valve versions.

- Do not place any objects on the control valve.
- For storage periods longer than 4 months, we recommend storing the following valves upright with the actuator on top:
 - ≥NPS 4 for versions with pressure balancing
 - ≥NPS 6 for versions without pressure balancing

Special storage instructions for elastomers

Elastomer, e.g. actuator diaphragm

- To keep elastomers in shape and to prevent cracking, do not bend them or hang them up.
- We recommend a storage temperature of 15 °C (59 °F) for elastomers.
- Store elastomers away from lubricants, chemicals, solutions and fuels.

⁻\̈́\/̄⁻ Tip

Our after-sales service can provide more detailed storage instructions on request.

5 Installation

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

5.1 Installation conditions

Work position

The work position for the control valve is the front view looking onto the operating controls (including valve accessories).

Plant operators must ensure that, after installation of the device, the operating personnel can perform all necessary work safely and easily access the device from the work position.

Pipeline routing

The inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 5-1) vary depending on several variables and process conditions and are intended as recommendations. Contact SAMSON if the lengths are significantly shorter than the recommended lengths.

To ensure that the valve functions properly, proceed as follows:

- → Observe the inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 5-1). Contact SAMSON if the valve conditions or states of the medium process deviate.
- → Install the valve free of stress and with the least amount of vibrations as possible. Read information under 'Mounting position' and 'Support or suspension' in this section.

➔ Install the valve allowing sufficient space to remove the actuator and valve or to perform service work on them.

Mounting position

Generally, we recommend installing the valve with the actuator upright and on top of the valve.

In the following versions or applications, the valve **must** be installed with the actuator on top:

- Valves in NPS 4 and larger
- Valves with insulating section or bellows seal for low temperatures below -10 °C (14 °F)
- Use in safety-instrumented systems
- → Contact SAMSON if the mounting position is not as specified above.

Support or suspension

i Note

The plant engineering company is responsible for selecting and implementing a suitable support or suspension of the installed control valve and the pipeline.

Depending on the valve version and mounting position, the valve, actuator and pipeline must be supported or suspended.

Valves, which are not installed in the pipeline in the upright position with the actuator on top, must be supported or suspended.

Vent plugs

Vent plugs are screwed into the exhaust air ports of pneumatic and electropneumatic devices. They ensure that any exhaust air that forms can be vented to the atmosphere (to avoid excess pressure in the device). Furthermore, the vent plugs allow air intake to prevent a vacuum from forming in the device.

→ Locate the vent plug on the opposite side to the work position of operating personnel.

Valve accessories

➔ During connection of valve accessories, make sure that they are easily accessible

Table 5-1: Inlet and outlet lengths

and can be operated safely from the work position.

5.2 Preparation for installation

Before installation, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The valve is clean.
- The valve and all valve accessories (including piping) are not damaged.
- The valve data on the nameplate (type designation, valve size, material, pres-

Q Q C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
State of process medium	Valve conditions	Inlet length a	Outlet length b
Gas	Ma ≤ 0.3	2	4
	0.3 ≤ Ma ≤ 0.7	2	10
Vapor	Ma ≤ 0.3 ¹⁾	2	4
	$0.3 \le Ma \le 0.7^{1}$	2	10
	Saturated steam (percentage of condensate > 5 %)	2	20
Liquid	Free of cavitation/w < 10 m/s	2	4
	Cavitation producing noise/w ≤ 3 m/s	2	4
	Cavitation producing noise/3 < w < 5 m/s	2	10
	Critical cavitation/ $w \le 3 \text{ m/s}$	2	10
	Critical cavitation/3 < w < 5 m/s	2	20
Flashing	-	2	20
Multi-phase	-	10	20

1) No saturated steam

sure rating and temperature range) match the plant conditions (size and pressure rating of the pipeline, medium temperature etc.). See the 'Markings on the device' section for nameplate details.

 The requested or required additional pipe fittings (see the 'Additional fittings' section) have been installed or prepared as necessary before installing the valve.

Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect insulation.

- → Only insulate control valves with insulating section or bellows seal up to the bonnet flange of the valve body for medium temperatures below 0 °C (32 °F) and above 220 °C (428 °F). If the insulating section is insulated, it will not function properly.
- Do not insulate valves mounted to comply with NACE MR0175 requirements and which have nuts and bolts that are not suitable for sour gas environments.

Proceed as follows:

- → Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready during installation work.
- ➔ Flush the pipelines.

i Note

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

- ➔ For steam applications, dry the pipelines. Moisture will damage the inside of the valve.
- → Check any mounted pressure gauges to make sure they function properly.
- → When the valve and actuator are already assembled, check the tightening torques of the bolted joints (▶ AB 0100). Components may loosen during transport.

5.3 Mounting the device

The activities listed below are necessary to install the valve and before it can be started up.

Risk of valve damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

Observe the specified tightening torques
 (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON
 (► AB 0100).

5.3.1 Mounting the external anti-rotation fixture

Before mounting the actuator, the external anti-rotation fixture must be mounted onto the plug stem in some cases. The valve must be closed beforehand.

For SAMSON Type 3271 and Type 3277 Actuators with Type 3273 Hand-operated Actuator, observe the mounting and operating instructions of the hand-operated actuator (handwheel) to mount the anti-rotation fixture ► EB 8312-X.

Standard version for valve size DN 200/ NPS 8 and larger

See Fig. 5-1 and Fig. 5-2

- 1. Insert ball bearings (310) into the recesses in the bonnet.
- 2. Place the yoke (3) on the bonnet in such a way that the ball bearings fit into the recesses of the yoke.
- 3. Fasten the yoke (3) using the castellated nut (92).
- Fasten the hanger (83) and warning label (255), if applicable, to the yoke using the screws (82).
- 5. Position the travel indicator scale (84) on the hanger (83) with the screws (85) according to Table 5-3.
- 6. Use a soft-faced hammer or lever press to press the sliding washers (309) with their beveled part first (without using any lubricant) into the recesses of the clamps (301) as far as they will go. Remove any excess material.

7. Apply a thin film of lubricant (114) to the threads of the stem (9) and screws (303).

Impaired functioning due to incorrectly applied lubricant.

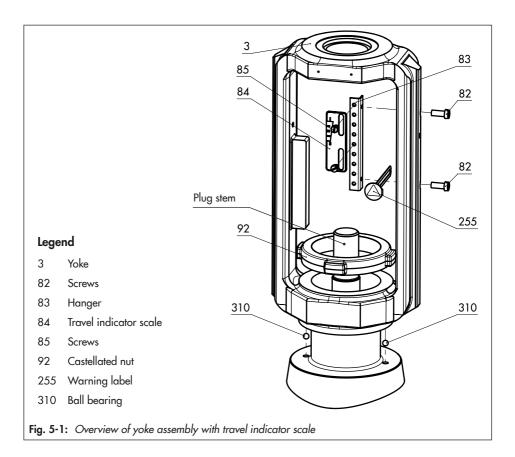
- ➔ Do not apply any lubricant to the threads of the clamps (301) or the plug stem.
- Position the clamps (301) and stem (9) on the plug stem according to Table 5-3 and tighten screws (303) and washers (304) by hand.
- 9. Mount the actuator. See section 5.3.2.
- Thread the stem (9) upwards until the head of the stem rests on the extended actuator stem.
- 11. Retract the actuator stem to relieve the stem (9).
- 12. Gradually tighten the screws (303) in a crisscross pattern. Observe the tightening torques specified in Table 5-2.

Table 5-2: Tightening torques

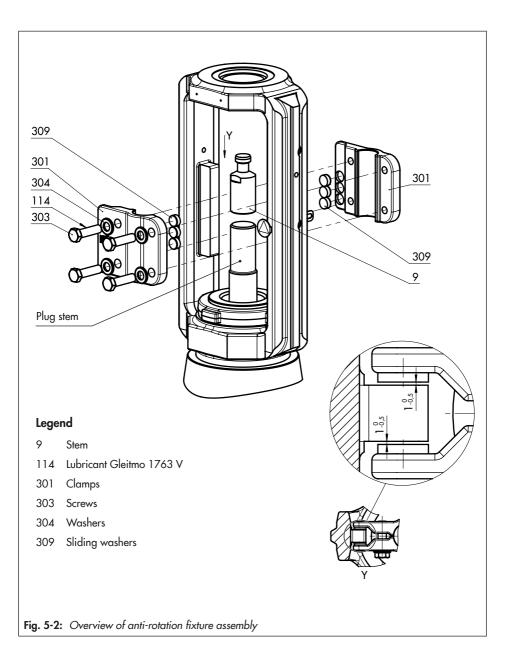
Screw size	Tightening torque [Nm]
M12	50
M16	121

- 13. Check and ensure the following:
 - There is a nominal clearance of 0.5 to 1 mm between the sliding washers and their contact surface on the yoke on each side (see detailed view Y in Fig. 5-2).

- The anti-rotation fixture does not get stuck on the yoke and can move freely in the direction of travel.
- 14. Extend the actuator stem again and mount the stem connector clamps.



Installation

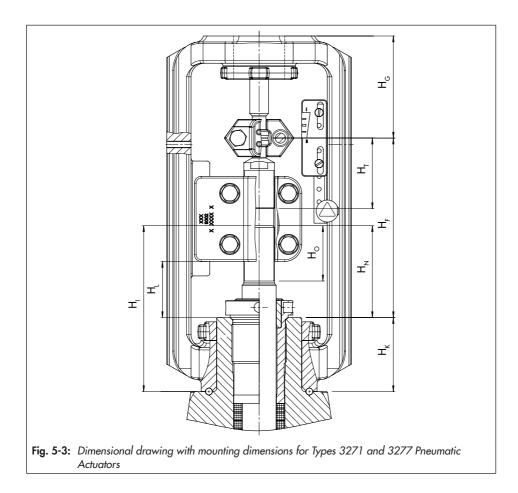


Actuator	Trav- el		ator ading		Dim	ension v	when the	e valve is	s closed	[mm]	
[cm ²]	[mm]	[%]	[mm]	H⊧	H _G	H	H _K			Ho	H _T
DN 200 to 250/NPS 8 to 10 up 1			· · ·	-				<u> </u>	10		
355 700 750	30	0	0	241	90			61			120
	30	0	0	211	120	195	87	66	108	65	83
1000 1400-60	30	75	45	211	120			66			83
	60	0	0	166	165			52			55
	60	25	15	181	150			52			55
	15	87.5	105	236	180			61			115
	30	0	0	191	225			48			76
1400-120	30	75	90	221	195			61			100
	60	0	0	308	255			61			185
	60	50	60	191	225			48			76
	30	0	0	191	225			48			76
2800 5600	30	100	120	221	195			61			100
	60	0	0	308	255			61			185
	60	75	90	191	225			48			76
DN 250/N	PS 10,	seat bo	re 250	and DN	300 to 5	00/NPS	12 to 2	0 · Stanc	ard ver	sion	
•	30	0	0	281	135	237	87	100	150		121
1000	30	75	45	296	120						135
1400-60	60	0	0	251	165						91
	60	25	15	266	150						91
1400-120	60	0	0	308	255						145
	60	50	60	338	225						175
	120	0	0	278	285						$FA^{1}=115$ $FE^{2}=86$
2800 5600	60	0	0	308	255						145
	60	75	90	338	225						175
	120	0	0	248	315						FE ²⁾ =86
	120	25	30	278	285						115

Table 5-3: Mounting dimensions for Types 3271 and 3277 Pneumatic Actuators - See Fig. 5-3 for dimensional drawing

FA = Actuator stem extends (fail-close)
 FE = Actuator stem retracts (fail-open)

Installation



5.3.2 Mounting the actuator onto the valve

Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs.

Actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. They can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

→ Before starting any work on the actuator, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps (301) of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

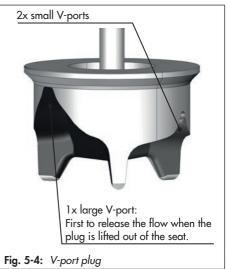
- ➔ Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- → Do not loosen the screws (303) of the anti-rotation fixture while the force generated by the supply air and/or the actuator springs is transmitted to the actuator stem and the stem (9).
- → First remove the actuator from the valve or ensure it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem.

Depending on the version, SAMSON control valves are either delivered with the actuator already mounted on the valve or the valve and actuator are delivered separately. When delivered separately, the valve and actuator must be assembled together on site.

Versions with V-port plug

To achieve the best flow conditions inside the valve, the V-port plug must always be installed with the port that releases the flow first when the valve opens facing toward the valve outlet. This is the largest of the three V-shaped ports (see Fig. 5-4).

- → Before mounting the actuator, determine which V-shaped port is uncovered first when the plug is lifted out of the seat.
- → On mounting the actuator, make sure that the V-shaped port uncovered first faces toward the valve outlet.

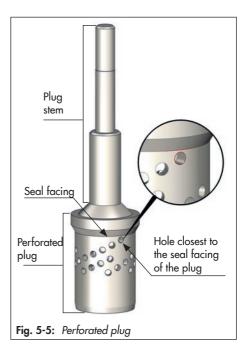


Installation

Versions with perforated plug

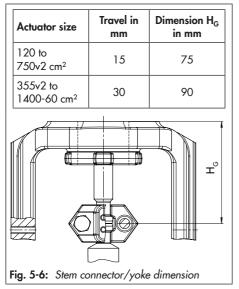
Only one hole is located near the seal facing of perforated plugs with equal percentage characteristic. Depending on the valve size, the hole pattern varies and is partly unsymmetrical. The process medium in the valve flows through the holes as soon as the plug is lifted out of the seat. To achieve the best flow conditions inside the valve, the perforated plug must always be installed with the hole that releases the flow first when the valve opens facing toward the valve outlet (see Fig. 5-5).

- → Before mounting the actuator, check the hole pattern of the perforated plug and determine which hole is the closest to the seal facing and is uncovered first when the plug is lifted out of the seat.
- → On mounting the actuator, make sure that the hole uncovered first faces toward the valve outlet.



Mounting dimensions for valves up to DN 150/NPS 6

The following mounting dimensions apply to Type 3241 Valves, NPS <8/DN <200:



Mounting dimensions for Type 3241 Valves, NPS ≥8/DN ≥200 (see Table 5-3)

a) Mounting the actuator

➔ To mount the actuator, proceed as described in the associated actuator documentation.

b) Aligning the travel indicator scale

After mounting the actuator, the travel indicator scale must be aligned. To do so, align '0' on the travel indicator scale with the tip of the stem connector clamp (see Fig. 5-3).

- 1. Move the valve to the closed position.
- 2. Loosen the screws on the travel indicator scale.
- 3. Align the travel indicator scale.
- 4. Fix the travel indicator scale into place by tightening the screws.

5.3.3 Installing the valve into the pipeline

Risk of valve damage due to work being carried out by personnel not qualified for such tasks.

The plant operator or specialist company performing the welding is responsible for the selection of the welding procedure and the actual welding operations on the valve. This also applies to any required heat treatment to be performed on the valve.

 Only allow qualified welding personnel to carry out welding operations.

Premature wear and leakage due to insufficient support or suspension.

 Support or suspend the valve sufficiently at suitable points.

a) Version with flanges

- 1. Close the shut-off valves in the pipeline at the inlet and outlet of the plant section while the valve is being installed.
- 2. Prepare the relevant section of the pipeline for installing the valve.
- Remove the protective caps from the valve ports before installing the valve.
- Lift the valve using suitable lifting equipment to the site of installation (see the 'Lifting the valve' section). Observe the flow direction through the valve. The ar-

row on the valve indicates the direction of flow.

- 5. Make sure that the correct flange gaskets are used.
- 6. Bolt the pipe to the valve free of stress.
- 7. Attach a support or suspension on the valve, if necessary.

b) Version with welding ends

- 1. Proceed as described above under 'Version with flanges', steps 1 to 4.
- Completely retract the actuator stem to protect the plug from sparks during welding.
- 3. Weld the valve free of stress into the pipeline.
- 4. Attach a support or suspension on the valve, if necessary.

5.4 Testing the installed valve

Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death.

Before working on the control valve:

 Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy. Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

➔ Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing fittings. Both can damage hearing.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

- Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.

- → Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, air is vented from the actuator, for example, during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

→ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs.

Actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. They can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

Before starting any work on the actuator, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation). To test the valve functioning before start-up or putting back the valve into operation, perform the following tests:

5.4.1 Leak test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the leak test and selecting the test method. The leak test must comply with the requirements of the national and international standards that apply at the site of installation.

∹∑: Tip

Our after-sales service can support you to plan and perform a leak test for your plant.

- 1. Close the valve.
- 2. Slowly apply the test medium to the inlet space upstream of the valve. A sudden surge in pressure and resulting high flow velocities can damage the valve.
- 3. Open the valve.
- 4. Apply the required test pressure.
- 5. Check the valve for leakage to the atmosphere.
- 6. Depressurize the pipeline section and valve.
- Rework any parts that leak (see information below under 'Adjusting the packing') and repeat the leak test.

Adjusting the packing

A label on the flange or yoke indicates whether an adjustable packing is installed (see the 'Markings on the device' section).

Impaired valve functioning due to increased friction as a result of the threaded bushing being tightened too far.

- Make sure that the plug stem can still move smoothly after the threaded bushing has been tightened.
- Tighten the threaded bushing gradually (by turning it clockwise) until the packing seals the valve.
- 2. Open and close the valve several times.
- 3. Check the valve for leakage to the atmosphere.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the packing completely seals the valve.
- ➔ If the adjustable packing does not seal properly, contact our after-sales service.

5.4.2 Travel motion

The movement of the actuator stem must be linear and smooth.

- → Apply the maximum and minimum control signals to check the end positions of the valve while observing the movement of the actuator stem.
- → Check the travel reading at the travel indicator scale.

5.4.3 Fail-safe position

- → Shut off the signal pressure line.
- → Check whether the valve moves to the fail-safe position (see the 'Design and principle of operation' section).

5.4.4 Pressure test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the pressure test.

🔆 Тір

Our after-sales service can support you to plan and perform a pressure test for your plant.

During the pressure test, make sure the following conditions are met:

- Retract the plug stem to open the valve.
- Observe the maximum permissible pressure for both the valve and plant.

6 Start-up

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Valve components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or heat up.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a brief loud noise may occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator (see 'Fail-safe position') or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing fittings. Both can damage hearing. → Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

- ➔ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ➔ Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- → Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, the actuator, for example, may vent during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

Start-up

Before start-up or putting the valve back into service, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The valve is properly installed into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- The leak and function tests have been completed successfully (see the 'Testing the installed valve' section).
- The prevailing conditions in the plant section concerned meet the valve sizing requirements (see information under 'Intended use' in the 'Safety instructions and measures' section).

Start-up/putting the valve back into operation

- Allow the valve to cool down or warm up to reach ambient temperature before start-up when the ambient temperature and process medium temperature differ greatly or the medium properties require such a measure.
- 2. Slowly open the shut-off valves in the pipeline. Slowly opening these valves prevents a sudden surge in pressure and high flow velocities which can damage the valve.
- 3. Check the valve to ensure it functions properly.

7 Operation

Immediately after completing start-up or putting the valve back into operation, the valve is ready for use.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Valve components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or heat up.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

➔ Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing fittings. Both can damage hearing.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

- Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, the actuator, for example, may vent during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

→ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

7.1 Normal operation

The handwheel of valves with actuators fitted with a handwheel must be in the neutral position during normal operation.

7.2 Manual operation

Valves with actuators fitted with a handwheel can be manually closed or opened in case of supply air failure.

8 Malfunctions

Read hazard statements, warnings and caution notes in the 'Safety instructions and measures' section.

8.1 Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action			
Actuator and plug stem does not move on demand.	Actuator is blocked.	Check attachment. Remove the blockage. WARNING! A blocked actuator or plug stem (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time) can suddenly start to move uncontrollably. Injury to hands or fingers is possible if they are inserted into the actuator or valve. Before trying to unblock the actuator or plug stem, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal. Before unblocking the actuator, release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.			
	Diaphragm in the actuator defective	See associated actuator documentation.			
	Signal pressure too low	Check the signal pressure. Check the signal pressure line for leakage.			
Jolting movement of the actuator and plug stem	Packing tightened too far	Tighten the packing correctly (see information under 'Adjusting the packing' in the 'Testing the installed valve' section).			
Actuator and plug stem does not stroke through	Signal pressure too low	Check the signal pressure. Check the signal pressure line for leakage.			
the entire range.	Travel stop active	See associated actuator documentation.			
	Incorrect setting of valve accessories	Check the settings of the valve accessories.			
Increased flow through closed valve (seat leakage)	Dirt or other foreign particles deposited between the seat and plug.	Shut off the section of the pipeline and flush the valve.			
	Valve trim, particularly with soft seat, is worn.	Replace seat and plug (see the 'Servicing' section) or contact our after-sales service.			

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action		
The valve leaks to the atmosphere (fugitive	Defective packing	Replace packing (see the 'Servicing' section) or contact our after-sales service.		
emissions).	Version with adjustable packing ^{1]} : packing not tightened correctly	Adjust the packing (see information under 'Adjusting the packing' in the 'Testing the installed valve' section). Contact our after-sales service when it continues to leak.		
	Version with bellows seal: the bellows seal is defective.	Contact our after-sales service.		
	Flange joint loose or gasket worn out	Check the flange joint. Replace gasket at the flanged joint (see the 'Servicing' section) or contact our after-sales service.		

¹⁾ See the 'Markings on the device' section.

i Note

Contact our after-sales service for malfunctions not listed in the table.

8.2 Emergency action

The plant operator is responsible for emergency action to be taken in the plant.

In the event of a valve malfunction:

- Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the control valve to stop the process medium from flowing through the valve.
- 2. Perform troubleshooting (see section 8.1).
- 3. Rectify those malfunctions that can be remedied based on the instructions provided here. Contact our after-sales service in all other cases.

Putting the valve back into operation after a malfunction

See the 'Start-up' section.

9 Servicing

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

The following documents are also required for servicing the valve:

- Mounting and operating instructions for the mounted actuator, e.g. ► EB 8310-X for Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator
- AB 0100 for tools, tightening torques and lubricant

Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death.

Before working on the control valve:

- Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy.
- Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Valve components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

➔ Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing fittings. Both can damage hearing.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.

Servicing

- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, air is vented from the actuator, for example, during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

 Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs.

Actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. They can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

Before starting any work on the actuator, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

 Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

Risk of valve damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

Observe the specified tightening torques
 (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

→ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

 Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (> AB 0100).

i Note

The control valve was checked by SAMSON before it left the factory.

- Certain test results certified by SAMSON lose their validity when the valve is opened. Such testing includes seat leakage and leak tests.
- The product warranty becomes void if service or repair work not described in these instructions is performed without prior agreement by SAMSON's After-sales Service.
- Only use original spare parts by SAMSON, which comply with the original specifications.

9.1 Periodic testing

Depending on the operating conditions, check the valve at certain intervals to prevent possible failure before it can occur. Plant operators are responsible for drawing up an inspection and test plan.

🔆 Tip

Our after-sales service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.

We recommend the following inspection and testing which can be performed while the process is running:

Inspection and testing	Action to be taken in the event of a negative result:
Check the markings, labels and nameplates on the valve for their	Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.
readability and completeness.	Clean any inscriptions that are covered with dirt and are illegible.
Check the pipe connections and gaskets	Check the bolted joint (tightening torque).
on the valve and actuator for leakage.	Replace the gasket on the flanged joint as described in section 9.4.
	Adjust the packing (see information under 'Adjusting the packing' in the 'Testing the installed valve' section) or replace it (see section 9.4).

Inspection and testing	Action to be taken in the event of a negative result:
Check the test connection and bellows seal (if used) for external leakage. WARNING! Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged. Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.	Put the control valve out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section). To repair the bellows seal, contact our after-sales service (see the 'Repairs' section).
Check the valve's seat leakage.	Shut off the section of the pipeline and flush the valve to remove any dirt and/or deposited foreign particles between the seat and plug.
	Replace the seat and plug (see section 9.4)
Check the valve for external damage (e.g. corrosion).	Repair any damage immediately. If necessary, put the control valve out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
Check the valve accessories to ensure they are mounted properly.	Tighten the connections of the valve accessories.
Check to ensure that the actuator and plug stem move smoothly.	Tighten the packing correctly (see information under 'Adjusting the packing' in the 'Testing the installed valve' section).
	Unblock a blocked actuator and plug stem. WARNING! A blocked actuator or plug stem (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time) can suddenly start to move uncontrollably. Injury to hands or fingers is possible if they are inserted into the actuator or valve. Before trying to unblock the actuator or plug stem, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal. Before unblocking the actuator, release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.
If possible, check the valve's fail-safe position by briefly interrupting the air supply.	Put the control valve out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section). Identify the cause for the malfunction and rectify it (see the 'Troubleshooting' section).

Servicing

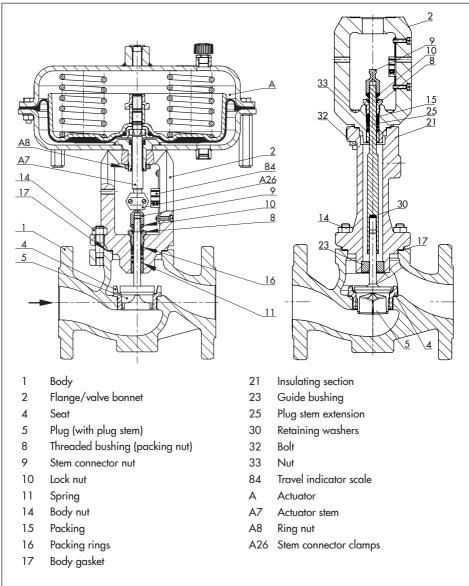


Fig. 9-1: Standard version of Type 3241 with Type 3271 Actuator (left) and Type 3241 in version with insulating section (right)

9.2 Preparing the valve for service work

Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps (301) of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

- → Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- → Do not loosen the screws (303) of the anti-rotation fixture while the force generated by the supply air and/or the actuator springs is transmitted to the actuator stem and the stem (9).
- → First remove the actuator from the valve or ensure it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem.
- 1. Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready for the service work.
- Put the control valve out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).
- 3. Remove the actuator from the valve. See associated actuator documentation.

i Note

To remove an actuator with "stem extends" fail-safe action and/or with preloaded springs, a certain signal pressure must be applied to the actuator (see associated actuator documentation). Afterwards, the signal pressure must be removed and the air supply disconnected again and locked.

⁻\̈́\;⁻ Tip

We recommend removing the valve from the pipeline before performing any service work (see the 'Removal' section).

The following service work can be performed after preparation is completed:

- Replace the gasket (see section 9.4.1)
- Replace the packing (see section 9.4.2)
- Replace the seat and plug (see section 9.4.3)

9.3 Mounting the valve after service work

- 1. Mount actuator. See associated actuator documentation.
- Adjust lower or upper signal bench range. See associated actuator documentation.
- If the valve has been removed, re-install the valve into the pipeline (see the 'Installation' section).
- 4. Put the control valve back into operation (see the 'Start-up' section). Observe the

requirements and conditions for start-up or putting the valve back into operation.

9.4 Service work

- → Before performing any service work, preparations must be made to the control valve (see section 9.2).
- → After all service work is completed, check the control valve before putting it back into operation (see 'Testing the installed valve' in the 'Installation' section).

9.4.1 Replacing the gasket

Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- The gasket can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
 - The valve size is ≤NPS 6.
 - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
- ➔ To replace the gasket in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.

a) Standard version

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a crisscross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- Remove the gasket (17). Carefully clean the sealing faces in the valve body (1) and on the flange (2).
- 4. Insert a new gasket (17) into the body.

5. Place the flange (2) onto the body.

Version with V-port plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section.

 Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.

b) Version with insulating section or bellows seal

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a crisscross pattern.
- Lift the insulating section (21) with valve bonnet (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- Remove the gasket (17). Carefully clean the sealing faces in the valve body (1) and on the insulating section (21).
- 4. Insert a new gasket (17) into the body.
- Place the insulating section (21) with valve bonnet (2) and plug with plug stem (5) onto the body.

Version with V-port plug: place the assembly onto the valve body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the assembly onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the insulating section (21) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.

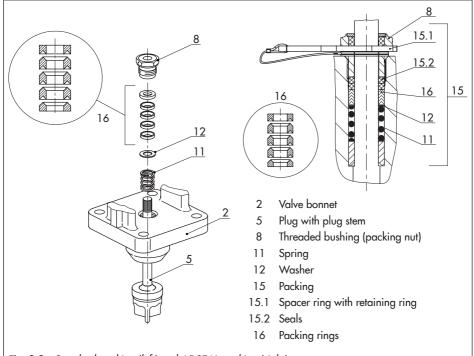


Fig. 9-2: Standard packing (left) and ADSEAL packing (right)

9.4.2 Replacing the packing

Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- The packing can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
 - The valve size is ≤NPS 6.
 - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
 - The valve does not have a bellows seal.
 - The standard or ADSEAL packing is installed in the valve.
- ➔ To replace the packing in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.

a) Standard version

Standard packing (PTFE)

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a crisscross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- Unthread the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem.
- 4. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 5. Pull the plug with plug stem (5) out of the flange (2).
- 6. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 7. Renew damaged parts. Clean the packing chamber thoroughly.

- 8. Apply a suitable lubricant to all the packing parts and to the plug stem (5).
- 9. Slide the plug with plug stem (5) into the valve body (1).
- 10. Place the flange (2) onto the body.

Version with V-port plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section.

- Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 9-2).
- 12. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.
- 13. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 14. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

ADSEAL packing

 Proceed as described in 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 1 to 10.

Servicing

- 2. Slide the parts of the packing over the plug stem in the specified order:
 - Spring (11)
 - Washer (12)
 - Packing rings (16)
- Slide the seals (15.2) over the plug stem. Insert the wire of the red spacer ring (15.1) into the groove of the retaining ring. Slide the retaining ring over the plug

stem.

- Insert the red spacer ring (15.1) between the threaded bushing (8) and retaining ring. See Fig. 9-2.
- Proceed as described in 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 12 to 14.

b) Version with insulating section

Standard packing (PTFE)

- Unthread the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem extension (25).
- 2. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 3. Remove nuts (33) and bolts (32).
- 4. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25).
- 5. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 6. Renew the damaged parts and carefully clean the packing chamber.
- Apply a suitable lubricant to all the packing parts and to the plug stem extension (25).

8. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25) onto the insulating section (21).

Version with V-port plug: place the valve bonnet (2) onto the insulating section, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the valve bonnet (2) onto the insulating section, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section.

- Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem extension into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 9-2).
- Fasten the valve bonnet with nuts (33) and bolts (32). Observe tightening torques.
- 11. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 12. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

ADSEAL packing

- Proceed as described in 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 1 to 8.
- Slide the parts of the packing over the plug stem extension in the specified order:
 - Spring (11)
 - Washer (12)

- Packing rings (16)
- 3. Slide the seals (15.2) over the plug stem extension.

Insert the wire of the red spacer ring (15.1) into the groove of the retaining ring.

Slide the retaining ring over the plug stem extension.

- Insert the red spacer ring (15.1) between the threaded bushing (8) and retaining ring. See Fig. 9-2.
- Proceed as described in 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 10 to 12.

9.4.3 Replacing the seat and plug

Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- → Seat and plug can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
 - The valve size is ≤NPS 6.
 - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
 - The valve does not have a bellows seal.
 - The standard or ADSEAL packing is installed in the valve.
- ➔ To replace seat and plug in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.

Risk of damage to the facing of the seat and plug due to incorrect servicing.

→ Always replace both the seat and plug.

∹∑- Tip

When replacing the seat and plug, we also recommend replacing the packing (see section 9.4.2).

a) Standard version

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a crisscross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- 3. Replace the gasket. See section 9.4.1, part a).
- 4. Unthread the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem.
- 5. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 6. Pull the plug with plug stem (5) out of the flange (2).
- 7. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 8. Unscrew the seat (4) using a suitable tool.
- 9. Apply a suitable lubricant to the thread and the sealing cone of the new seat.
- 10. Screw in the seat (4). Observe tightening torques.
- 11. Apply a suitable lubricant to all the packing parts and to the new plug stem (5).

Servicing

We recommend replacing the packing as well. See section 9.4.2, part a).

- 12. Slide the new plug with plug stem (5) into the valve body (1).
- 13. Place the flange (2) onto the body. Version with V-port plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section.

- 14. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 9-2).
- 15. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.
- 16. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 17. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

b) Version with insulating section

- Unthread the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem extension (25).
- 2. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 3. Remove nuts (33) and bolts (32).
- 4. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25).
- 5. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 6. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a crisscross pattern.
- Lift the insulating section (21) together with the plug stem extension (25), plug stem and plug (5) off the body (1).
- 8. Replace the gasket. See section 9.4.1, part b).
- Make sure that the guide bushing (23) is not damaged. If necessary, replace the guide bushing using a suitable tool.
- 10. Unscrew the seat (4) using a suitable tool.
- 11. Apply a suitable lubricant to the thread and the sealing cone of the new seat.
- Screw in the seat (4). Observe tightening torques.
- Hold the plug and plug stem (5) stationary using assembly pliers. Unscrew the plug stem extension (25) using a suitable tool and take it out of the insulating section (21).

 Apply a suitable lubricant to all packing parts and the end of the plug stem of the new plug (5).

We recommend replacing the packing as well. See section 9.4.2, part b).

- 15. Make sure that the two retaining washers(30) are still in the plug stem extension(25). Renew the washers, if necessary.
- Hold the new plug with plug stem (5) stationary. Place on the insulating section (21). Screw the plug stem extension (25) onto the plug stem using a suitable tool. Observe tightening torques.
- 17. Place the insulating section (21) together with the plug stem extension (25), plug stem and plug (5) onto the body (1).

Version with V-port plug: place the insulating section (21) onto the valve body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the V-port plug faces towards the valve outlet.

Version with perforated plug: place the insulating section (21) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See relevant information under 'Mounting the actuator onto the valve' in the 'Installation' section.

18. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the insulating section (21) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.

- 19. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25) onto the insulating section (21).
- 20. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem extension into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 9-2).
- Fasten the valve bonnet with nuts (33) and bolts (32). Observe tightening torques.
- 22. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 23. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

9.5 Ordering spare parts and operating supplies

Contact your nearest SAMSON subsidiary or SAMSON's After-sales Service for information on spare parts, lubricants and tools.

Spare parts

See Annex for details on spare parts.

Lubricant

See document > AB 0100 for details on suitable lubricants.

Tools

See document > AB 0100 for details on suitable tools.

Servicing

10 Decommissioning

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death.

Before working on the control valve:

- Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections concerned as well as the valve.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

➔ Do not loosen the screw of the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing fittings. Both can damage hearing.

 Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Valve components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- → Allow components and pipelines to cool down or heat up.
- ➔ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

- ➔ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- → Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ➔ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked

Decommissioning

(e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented.

While the valve is operating, the actuator, for example, may vent during closed-loop operation or when the valve opens or closes.

→ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to the control valve.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

 Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

To decommission the control valve for service work or to remove it from the pipeline, proceed as follows:

- Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the control valve to stop the process medium from flowing through the valve.
- 2. Completely drain the pipelines and valve.

- Disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply to depressurize the actuator.
- 4. Release any stored energy.
- 5. If necessary, allow the pipeline and valve components to cool down or heat up.

11 Removal

The work described in this section is only to be performed by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Valve components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Crush hazard arising from actuator and plug stem moving.

- Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- → Before working on the control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- → Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- → Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

→ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs.

Actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. They can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

 Before starting any work on the actuator, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs.

Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps (301) of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

- ➔ Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- → Do not loosen the screws (303) of the anti-rotation fixture while the force generated by the supply air and/or the

Removal

actuator springs is transmitted to the actuator stem and the stem (9).

→ First remove the actuator from the valve or ensure it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem.

Before removing the valve, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The control valve is put out of operation (see the 'Decommissioning' section).

11.1 Removing the valve from the pipeline

a) Version with flanges

- Support the valve to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).
- 2. Unbolt the flange joint.
- Remove the valve from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

b) Version with welding ends

- Support the valve to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).
- 2. Cut the pipeline in front of the weld seam.

 Remove the valve from the pipeline (see the 'Shipment and on-site transport' section).

11.2 Removing the actuator from the valve

See associated actuator documentation.

12 Repairs

If the valve does not function properly according to how it was originally sized or does not function at all, it is defective and must be repaired or exchanged.

Risk of valve damage due to incorrect repair work.

- Do not perform any repair work on your own.
- → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for repair work.

12.1 Returning devices to SAMSON

Defective devices can be returned to SAMSON for repair.

Proceed as follows to return devices:

- Exceptions apply concerning some special device models
 www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service.
- 2. Send an e-mail
 - retouren@samsongroup.com to register the return shipment including the following information:
 - Туре
 - Article number
 - Configuration ID
 - Original order

- Completed Declaration on Contamination, which can be downloaded from our website at
 - www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service.

After checking your registration, we will send you a return merchandise authorization (RMA).

- Attach the RMA (together with the Declaration on Decontamination) to the outside of your shipment so that the documents are clearly visible.
- 4. Send the shipment to the address given on the RMA.

i Note

Further information on returned devices and how they are handled can be found at

www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service.

13 Disposal



SAMSON is a producer registered at the following European institution ▶ https://www.ewrn.org/national-registers/national-registers. WEEE reg. no.: DE 62194439/ FR 02566

- → Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- → Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your household waste.

i Note

We can provide you with a recycling passport according to PAS 1049 on request. Simply e-mail us at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com giving details of your company address.

∹∑ Tip

On request, we can appoint a service provider to dismantle and recycle the product as part of a distributor take-back scheme.

14 Certificates

These declarations of conformity are included on the next pages:

- Declaration of conformity in compliance with Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU:
 - Country of origin: Germany, see page 14-2 to 14-4
 - Country of origin: France, see page 14-5 to 14-8
- Declaration of conformity in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for Types 3241-1 and 3241-7 Control Valves on page 14-9
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for the Type 3241 Valve with other actuators other than Types 3271 and 3277 Actuators on page 14-10
- Declaration of conformity in compliance with the 2016 Regulations No. 1105 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016, see page 14-11 to 14-12
- Declaration of conformity in compliance with the 2008 Regulations No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008: final machinery on page 14-13 and partly completed machinery on page 14-14

The certificates shown were up to date at the time of publishing. The latest certificates can be found on our website:

www.samsongroup.com > Products & Applications > Product selector > Valves > 3241

Other optional certificates are available on request.



EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Modul A/Module A

SAMSON erklärt in alleiniger Verantwortung für folgende Produkte:/For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Geräte/Devices	Bauart/Series	Typ/Type	Ausführung/Version
Durchgangsventil/Globe valve	240	3241	DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-125, Gehäuse GGG, DN 50-80, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-125, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, DN 50-80, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹ /
Durchgangsventil/Globe valve	240	3241	DIN, Gehäuse Stahl u.a., DN 40-100, Fluide G2, L2 ²⁾ DIN, body of steel, etc., DN 40-100, fluids G2, L2 ²⁾
Durchgangsventil/Globe valve	240	3241	ANSI, Gehäuse GG, Class 250, NPS 1 ½ bis NPS 2, Class 125, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹⁰ ANSI, body of cast iron, Class 250, NPS 1 ½" to NPS 2, Class 125, NPS 2 ½" to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁰
Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve	240	3244	DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-125, Gehäuse GGG, DN 50-80, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-125, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, DN 50-80, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹
Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve	240	3244	DIN, Gehäuse Stahl u.a., DN 40-100, Fluide G2, L2 ²⁾ DIN, body of steel, etc., DN 40-100, fluids G2, L2 ²⁾
Schrägsitzventil/Angle seat valve		3353	DIN, Rotgussgehäuse, alle Fluide DIN, red brass body, all fluids
Schrägsitzventil/Angle seat valve		3353	DIN, Gehäuse Stahl, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾ DIN, body of steel, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Durchgangsventile/Globe valve	V2001	3321	DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-100, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾ / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-100, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Durchgangsventile/Globe valve	V2001	3321	ANSI, Gehäuse GG, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / ANSI, body of cast iron, NPS 2 ½ to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹
Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve	V2001	3323	DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-100, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-100, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹)
Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve	V2001	3323	ANSI, Gehäuse GG, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / ANSI, body of cast iron, NPS 2 ½ to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹)
Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve	250	3253	DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 200 PN 10, Fluide G2, L1, L2 ¹ / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 200 PN 10, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹)

¹ Gase nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c. i zweiter Gedankenstrich//Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Flüssigkeiten nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.ii//Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii)

²⁾ Gase nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.i zweiter Gedankenstrich//Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Flüssigkeiten nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.ii zweiter Gedankenstrich//Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent

die Konformität mit nachfolgender Anforderung:/that the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Richtlinie des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates zur Harmonisierung der						
Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die Bereitstellung von Druckgeräten auf dem		vom 15. Mai 2014/				
Markt/Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the	2014/68/EU	of 15 May 2014				
laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure		01 15 Way 2014				
equipment						
Angewandtes Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren für Fluide nach Art. 4 Abs. 1/	Made	I A/Module A				
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)		II A/WOOUIE A				

Angewandte technische Spezifikation/Technical standards applied: DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34

Hersteller/Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 23. Februar 2017/23 February 2017

i.V. Man Mittle

Klaus Hörschken Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Entwicklung Ventile und Antriebe/R&D, Valves and Actuators

SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Weismüllerstraße 3 60314 Frankfurt am Main Telefon: 069 4009-0 · Telefax: 069 4009-1507 E-Mail: samson@samson.de

Dr. Michael Heß Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Product Management & Technical Sales

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Revision 02

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EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



by Bureau Veritas 0062

Module D / N° CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products	, SAMSON hereby declar	es under its sole responsibility:
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Devices	Series	Type	Version
Control valve for hot water and steam with fail-safe action in heating systems	Actuator 3 (Force 2		with Type 3241, 2811, 2814, 2823, 3321 EU-Type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no.: 01 202 931/B-15-0030-01, type-tested according to standard DIN EN 14597:2015
Control valve for water and water- steam with fail-safe action in heating systems	Actuator 5725-31 5725-8 5825-10/- (Force (Product nu	10/-820 13/-20/-23 500 N)	wih Type 3214 (2814), 2423 (2823), 3213 (2710), 3222 (2710), 2486 (2730), 2489 (2730) EU-Type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no. 01 202 641/B-19-0017-01 type-tested according to standard DIN EH 14597:2016, appendix DX

that the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the following standards:
Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization
of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market
of pressure equipment
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)
Module D
N*CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-22-DEU

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body: Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE

Applied harmonised standards and technical specifications: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3, EN 12266-1, ASME B16.34

Manufacturer: SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 15th November 2022

Dr. Andreas Widl Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Dr. Thomas Steckenreiter Chief Technology Officer (CTO)

Revision 09

Classification: Public - SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT - Weismüllerstrasse 3 - 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Page 1 of 1

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY TRANSLATION



Module H / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole resposibility:

Devices	Series	Туре	Version
Globe valve	240	3241	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN 150, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, from DN 100 fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹
0.000 10.10			EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Three-way valve	240	3244	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN 150, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, from DN 100 fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
			EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Cryogenic valve	240	3248	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Globe valve	250	3251	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Globe valve	250	3251-E	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Three-way valve	250	3253	EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Globe valve	250	3254	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	250	3256	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Split-body valve	250	3258	EN, all fluids
Angle valve (IG standards)	250	3259	EN, all fluids
		3281	EN/ANSI, all fluids
		3284	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Steam-converting valve	280	3286	EN/ANSI, all fluids
		3288	EN, all fluids
			EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Globe valve	V2001	3321	ANSI, all fluids
Constant Strangers		0.000	EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Three-way valve	V2001	3323	ANSI, all fluids
Angle seat valve		3353	EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
		3381-1	EN/ANSI, single attenuation plate with welding ends, all fluids
Silencer	3381	3381-3	EN/ANSI, all fluids
	-	3381-4	EN/ANSI, single attenuation plate multi-stage with welding ends, all fluids
Globe valve	240	3241	ANSI, body of gray cast iron, Class 125, from NPS 5, fluids G2, L1, L21)
Cryogenic valve	240	3246	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Three-way valve	250	3253	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN200 PN16, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Globe valve	290	3291	ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	290	3296	ANSI, all fluids
Cryogenic valve		3588	ANSI, up to NPS 6, Class 600, all fluids
Globe valve	590	3591	ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	590	3596	ANSI, all fluids
Cryogenic valve	590	3598	ANSI, NPS 3 to NPS 8, Class 900, all fluids
Control valve	590	3595	ANSI, all fluids

¹⁾ Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii)

that the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the following standards:		
Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment	2014/68/EU	of 15 May 2014
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module H	Certificate-No.: N°CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU by Bureau Veritas 0062

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body: Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE Applied harmonised standards and technical specifications: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3, EN 12266-1, ASME B16.34

Manufacturer: SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstrasse 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 15th November 2022

. side F

Dr. Andreas Widl Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Dr. Thomas Steckenreiter Chief Technology Officer (CTO)

> Revision 10 Page 1 of 1

Classification: Public · SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT · Weismüllerstrasse 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

DECLARATION UE DE CONFORMITE EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Module A / Modul A

DC014 2022-05

Par la présente, SAMSON REGULATION SAS déclare sous sa seule responsabilité pour les produits suivants : For the following products, SAMSON REGULATION SAS hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Appareils / Devices	Туре	Exécution / Version	Matériel du corps / body Material	PN Class	DN NPS	Fluides / fluids	
Vanne de décharge / Back pressure	2371-0	DIN		P _{max T = 20°C} 10 bar	DN 32 - 50		
reducing valve	2371-0	ANSI	Acier / steel	P _{max T= 70'F} 150 psi	NPS 1 ¼ – 2	Tous fluides / all fluids	
Détendeur alimen-		DIN		Pmax T = 20°C 10 bar	DN 32 - 50	air iluius	
taire / Pressure 2371-1 reducing valve		ANSI		Pmax T= 70'F 150 psi	NPS 1 ¼ – 2		
		à membrane with diaphragm	Fonte grise / cast iron	PN25	DN 65 - 125		
Vanne de régulation passage droit /	2423	à soufflet	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN25	DN 50 - 125	G2 /L2 1)	
Globe valve		with bellow	Acier / steel	PN16 PN25 PN40	DN 65 - 100 DN 50 - 100 DN 40 - 100		
		DIN	Fonte grise / cast iron	PN10	DN 125 - 150		
		DIN	Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale / cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron	PN16	DN 65 - 125		
Vanne de régulation		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite	PN 25	DN 50 - 80	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾	
passage droit / 32 Globe valve	3241	ANSI	Fonte grise / cast iron	CI 125 CI 250	NPS 2 ½ - 4 NPS 1 ½ - 2		
		DIN	Acier / steel	PN10 PN16 PN25	DN 32 - 100 DN 32 - 50 DN 32 - 40	Tous fluides / all fluids	
		ANSI		CI 150	NPS 1 ¼ - 2		
Vanne de régulation		DIN	Fonte grise / cast iron	PN10 PN16	DN 125 - 150 DN 65 - 125	G2, L1, L2 ¹	
3 voies / 3-way Valve	3244	DIN	Acier / steel	PN10 PN16 PN25	DN 32 - 100 DN 32 - 50 DN 32 - 40	Tous fluides / all fluids	
		ANSI		CI 150	NPS 1 ¼ - 2		
Vanne de régulation passage droit /	3251	DIN	Acier / steel	PN16 PN25	DN 32 - 50 DN 32 - 40	Tous fluides / all fluids	
Globe valve		ANSI		CI 150	NPS 1 ¼ - 2		
Vanne équerre / Angle valve	3256	DIN ANSI	Acier / steel	PN16 CI 150	DN 32 - 50 NPS 1 ¼ - 2	Tous fluides / all fluids	
Vanne à segment sphérique / Segment ball valve	3310	DIN	Acier / steel	PN10 PN16 PN25	DN 40 - 50 DN 80 - 100 DN 40	Tous fluides / all fluids	
Dali valve		ANSI		CI 150	NPS 1 1/2 - 2		
		DIN	Fonte grise / cast iron	PN16 CI 125	DN 65 - 100 NPS 2 1/2 - 4		
Vanne de régulation passage droit /	3321	DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN25	DN 50 - 80	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾	
Globe valve		ANSI	Acier / steel	CI 150	NPS 1 1/2 - 2	Tous fluides / all fluids	
Vanne de régulation		DIN	Fonte grise / cast iron : GJL-250	PN16	DN 65 - 100	an naids	
3 voies / 3-way Valve	3323	DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN25	DN 50-80	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾	
Vanne papillon / Butterfly valve	3331	DIN	Acier / steel	PN10	DN 100	Tous fluides / all fluids	
,		DIN	A size (start)	P _{max T = 20°C} 10 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 16 bar	DN 32 - 100 DN 32 - 50	Tous fluides /	
		ANSI	Acier / steel	P _{max T=70'F} 150 psi or 230 psi	NPS 1 ¼ - 2	all fluids	
Vanne à membrane / Diaphragm valve	3345	DIN	Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale /	P _{max T = 20°C} 10 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 16 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 40 bar	DN 125 - 150 DN 65 - 125 DN 40 - 50	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾	
		ANSI	cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron	P _{max T=70'F} 150 psi P _{max T=70'F} 230 psi P _{max T=70'F} 580 psi	NPS 2 ½ – 4 NPS 2 ½ – 5 NPS 1 ½ – 2	G2, L1, L2 ''	

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DECLARATION UE DE CONFORMITE EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



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DC014 2022-05

Module A / Modul A

Appareils / Devices	Туре	Exécution / Version	Matériel du corps / body Mate- rial	PN Class	DN NPS	Fluides / fluids									
Vanne alimentaire / Sanitary valve	3347	DIN ANSI	Acier / steel	P _{max T = 20°C} 10 bar P _{max T = 70°F} 150 psi	DN 125 - 150 NPS 5 - 6	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾									
Vanne aseptique /	2240	DIN		Pmax T = 20°C 10 bar Pmax T = 20°C 10 bar Pmax T = 20°C 16 bar Pmax T = 20°C 25 bar	DN 32 - 100 DN 32 - 50 DN 32 - 40	Tous fluides /									
Aseptic valve 3349	3349	Acier / steel	P _{max T=70°F} 150 psi P _{max T=70°F} 230 psi P _{max T=70°F} 360 psi	NPS 1 ¼ - 4 NPS 1 ¼ - 2 NPS 1 ¼ - 1 ½	all fluids										
		DIN	Acier / steel	PN16 PN25	DN 32 - 50 DN 32 - 40	Tous fluides /									
Vanne Tout ou		ANSI		CI 150	NPS 1 ¼ – 2	all fluids									
Rien / On-Off Valve	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	3351	DIN	Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale / cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron	PN16	DN 65 - 100	
vaive		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN25	DN 50 - 80	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾									
		ANSI	Fonte grise / cast iron	CI 125	NPS 2 1/2 - 4										
Bride de mesure / Measure flange	5090	DIN	Acier / steel	PN6 PN10 PN16 PN25 PN40	DN 200 - 500 DN 125 - 350 DN 65 - 200 DN 50 - 125 DN 40 - 100	G2, L2 ¹⁾									

¹⁾Gas selon l'article 4 § 1.c) i) / Gases Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) i) Liquide selon l'article 4 § 1.c) ii) / Liquids Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) ii)

la conformité avec le règlement suivant : / the conformity with the following requirement :

La Directive du Parlement Européen et du Conseil d'harmonisation des lois des Etats Membres concernant la mise à disposition sur le marché d'équipements sous pression / Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating of the making available on the market of pressure equipment	2014/68/UE 2014/68/EU	Du / of 15.05.2014	
Procédure d'évaluation de la conformité appliquée pour les fluides selon l'Article 4 § 1 Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4 § 1	Modu Mod		

Normes techniques appliquées / Technical standards applied : DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34, DIN-EN 60534-4, DIN-EN 1092-1

Fabricant / manufacturer : Samson Régulation SAS, 1, rue Jean Corona, FR-69120 VAULX-EN-VELIN

Vaulx-en-Velin, le 23/05/22

Bruno Soulas Directeur Stratégie et Développement / Head of Strategy and Development

Joséphine Signoles-Fontaine Responsable du service QSE / Head of QSE Department

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DECLARATION UE DE CONFORMITE EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

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Module H / Modul H, N°/ Nr CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-20-FRA-rev-A

DC012 2022-05

Par la présente, SAMSON REGULATION SAS déclare sous sa seule responsabilité pour les produits suivants : For the following products, SAMSON REGULATION SAS hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Appareils / Devices	Туре	Exécution / Version	Matériel du corps / body Material	PN Class	DN NPS	Fluides / fluids			
		DIN	Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale /	PN 16	DN 150				
					ANSI	cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron	CI 125	NPS 6	G2, L1, L2 1)
Vanne de régula-		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN 25	DN 100 - 150	02, L1, L2			
tion passage droit / 3241 globe valve			PN10	DN 125 – 150					
		DIN		PN16	DN 65 - 150				
			Acier / steel	PN25 PN40	DN 50 - 150	Tous fluides / all fluids			
			-	CI 150	DN 32 - 150 NPS 2 ½ - 6	all fluids			
		ANSI		CI 300	NPS 1¼ - 6				
		DIN	Fonte grise / cast iron	PN 16	DN 150	G2, L1, L2 1)			
				PN10	DN 125 - 150				
Vanne de régula-		DIN		PN16	DN 65 - 150				
tion 3 voies /	3244	2	Acier / steel	PN25	DN 50 - 150	Tous fluides /			
3-way Valve			4	PN40 CI 150	DN 32 - 150 NPS 2 1/2 - 6	all fluids			
		ANSI		CI 300	NPS 2 ½ - 6 NPS 1¼ - 6				
				PN16	DN 65 - 150				
Vanne de régula-		DIN		PN25	DN 50 - 150				
tion passage droit /			Acier / steel	PN40 - 400	DN 32 - 150	Tous fluides /			
globe valve			CI 150	NPS 2 1/2 - 6	all fluids				
·		ANSI		CI 300 - 2500	NPS 1 ¼ - 6				
Vanne haute pression /	3252	DIN	Acier / steel	PN40 - 400	DN 32-80	Tous fluides /			
High pressure valve	0202	ANSI		CI 300 - 2500	NPS 1 ¼ - 3	all fluids			
Vanne équerre /		DIN		PN16 PN40 – 400	DN 65 - 150 DN 32 - 150	Tous fluides /			
Angle valve 3256		Acier / steel	CI 150	NPS 2 ½ - 6	all fluids				
•		ANSI		CI 300 - 2500	NPS 1 ¼-6				
				PN10	DN 150				
Vanne à segment				DIN		PN16	DN 80 - 150	-	
sphérique /	3310		Acier / steel	PN25 PN40	DN 50 - 150 DN 40 - 150	Tous fluides / all fluids			
Segment ball valve				CI 150	NPS 3 - 6				
		ANSI		CI 300	NPS 1 ½ - 6				
		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN 25	DN 100	G2, L1, L2 1)			
Vanne de régula- tion passage droit /	3321	DIN		PN16	DN 65 - 100	The second states of			
globe valve			Acier / steel	PN40 CI 150	DN 32- 100 NPS 2 1/2 - 4	Tous fluides / all fluids			
-		ANSI		CI 300	NPS 2 1/2 - 4 NPS 11/2 - 4	air iluius			
		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN 25	DN 100	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾			
Vanne de régula- tion 3 voies /	3323	DIN		PN16 PN40	DN 65 - 100 DN 32 - 100	Tous fluides /			
3-way Valve	ANSI	Acier / steel	CI 150 CI 300	NPS 2 ½ – 4 NPS 1¼ – 2	all fluids				
Vanne papillon /		DIN		PN10	DN 150 - 400	Tous fluides /			
Butterfly valve	3331		Acier / steel	PN16 - 50	DN 100 - 400	all fluids			
,0		ANSI		CI 150 – 300	NPS 4 – 16				
Vanne à			Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale / cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron	P _{max T= 70°F} 150 psi	NPS 5-6	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾			
membrane /	3345	ANSI	case non a opnoroidal graphice non	P _{max T= 70°F} 230 psi	NPS 6	Taux Buildes I			
Diaphragm valve	1		Acier / steel	P _{max T=70°F} 150 - 230 psi	NPS 2 1/2 - 6	Tous fluides / all fluids			
	-	1	1	200 po.		an narad			

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N° compte 0002200215245 • Banque 3000401857 IBAN FR7630004018570002200215245 • BIC (code SWIFT) BNPAFRPPVBE

Société par actions simplifiées au capital de 10 000 000 € • Siège social : Vaulx-en-Velin N° SIRET: RCS Lyon B 788 165 603 00127 • N° de TVA: FR 86 788 165 603 • Code APE 2814Z

N* compte 0000060035B41 • Banque 3000201936 IBAN FR983000201936000060035B41 • BIC (code SWIFT) CRLYFRPP



SAMSON REGULATION S.A.S.



DECLARATION UE DE CONFORMITE EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

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Module H / Modul H, N°/ Nr CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-20-FRA-rev-A

DC012 2022-05

Appareils / Devices	Туре	Exécution / Version	Matériel du corps / body Material	PN Class	DN NPS	Fluides / fluids
Vanne alimentaire /	3347	DIN	Acier / steel	P _{max T = 20°C} 16 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 40 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 63 bar	DN 150 DN 65 - 150 DN 32 - 150	C2 1 2 ¹)
Sanitary valve	5547	ANSI	Adel / steel	P _{max T= 70°F} 230 psi P _{max T= 70°F} 580 psi P _{max T= 70°F} 910 psi	NPS 6 NPS 2 ½ - 6 NPS 1 ¼ - 6	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Vanne aseptique /		DIN		P _{max T = 20°C} 16 bar P _{max T = 20°C} 25 bar	DN 65 - 100 DN 50 - 100	Tous fluides /
Aseptic valve	3349	ANSI	Acier / steel	P _{max T= 70'F} 230 psi P _{max T= 70'F} 360 psi	NPS 2 ½ – 4 NPS 2 – 4	all fluids
		DIN	Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron	PN 25	DN 100	G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Vanne Tout ou Rien / On-Off Valve	3351	DIN	Acier / steel	PN16 PN25 PN40	DN 65 - 100 DN 50 - 100 DN 32 - 100	Tous fluides / all fluids
		ANSI		CI 150 CI 300	NPS 2 ½ – 4 NPS 1 ¼ – 4	all fluids
Bride de mesure /				PN10 PN16	DN 400 - 500 DN 250 - 500	
Measure flange	5090	90 DIN	Acier / steel	PN16 PN25 PN40	DN 230 - 500 DN 150 - 500 DN 125 - 500	G2, L2 ¹⁾

¹⁾Gas selon l'article 4 § 1.c) i) / Gases Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) i) Liquide selon l'article 4 § 1.c) ii) / Liquids Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) ii)

la conformité avec le règlement suivant : / the conformity with the following requirement:

La Directive du Parlement Européen et du Conseil d'harmonisation des lois des Etats Membres concernant la mise à disposition sur le marché d'équipements sous pression / Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating of the making available on the market of pressure equipment	2014/68/UE 2014/68/EU	Du / of 15.05.2014
Procédure d'évaluation de la conformité appliquée pour les fluides selon l'Article 4 § 1 Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4 § 1	Module H / Modul H	Certificat n° CE- 0062-PED-H-SAM 001-20-FRA-rev-A

Normes techniques appliquées / Technical standards applied : DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34, DIN-EN 60534-4, DIN-EN 1092-1

Le système de contrôle Qualité du fabricant est effectué par l'organisme de certification suivant : The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body:

Bureau Veritas Services SAS N°/Nr 0062, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX - LA DEFENSE Fabricant / manufacturer : Samson Régulation SAS, 1, rue Jean Corona, FR-69120 VAULX-EN-VELIN

Vaulx-en-Velin, le 23/05/22

Bruno Soulas Directeur Stratégie et Développement / Head of Strategy and Development

Joséphine Signoles-Fontaine Responsable du service QSE / Head of QSE department

SAMSON REGULATION • 1 rue Jean Corona • 69120 Vaulx-en-Velin	
Tél: +33 (0)4 72 04 75 00 • Eax: +33 (0)4 72 04 75 75 • E-mail: france@s	ama

BNP Paribas

com Internet: www.eameon.fr

N° compte 0002200215245 • Banque 3000401857 IBAN FR7630004018570002200215245 • BIC (code SWIFT) BNPAFRPPVBE

Société par actions simplifiées au capital de 10 000 000 € • Siège social : Vaulx-en-Velin N° SIRET: RCS Lyon B 788 165 603 00127 • N° de TVA: FR 86 788 165 603 • Code APE 2814Z

Crédit Lyonnais

N° compte 0000060035B41 • Banque 3000201936 IBAN FR9830002019360000060035B41 • BIC (code SWIFT) CRLYFRPP EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery

in accordance with Annex II, section 1.A. of the Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following products:

Types 3241-1/-7 Pneumatic Control Valves consisting of the Type 3241 Valve and Type 3271/Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

We hereby declare that the machinery mentioned above complies with all applicable requirements stipulated in Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

For product descriptions of the valve and actuator, refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012
- Types 3271 and 3277 Actuators: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8310-X

Valve accessories (e.g. positioners, limit switches, solenoid valves, lock-up valves, supply pressure regulators, volume boosters and quick exhaust valves) are classified as machinery components in this declaration of conformity and do not fall within the scope of the Machinery Directive as specified in § 35 and § 46 of the Guide to Application of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC issued by the European Commission. In the SAMSON Manual H 02 titled "Appropriate Machinery Components for SAMSON Pneumatic Control Valves with a Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery", SAMSON defines the specifications and properties of appropriate machinery components that can be mounted onto the above specified final machinery.

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comment:

Information on residual risks of the machinery can be found in the mounting and operating instructions of the valve and actuator as well as in the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 29 April 2020

ppa. Thorsten Muth

Director Sales and After-sales

i.V. Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

Revision no. 01

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DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



Declaration of Incorporation in Compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following products: Type 3241 Globe Valve

We certify that the Type 3241 Globe Valves are partly completed machinery as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated data sheets as well as the mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at .

For product descriptions of the valve, refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, May 2018 [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen* vom Mai 2018 [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 1 October 2019

Dr. Michael Heß Director Product Management and Technical Sales

i.V. tury 9

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Upgrades and ETO Valves and Actuators

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The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 Module D / N° CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Devices	Series Type		Version		
Control valve for hot water and steam with fail-safe action in heating systems	Actuator 3374-21/-26 (Force 2000 N)		fail-safe action in heating (Force 2000 N) Certificate po : 01 202 9		
Control valve for water and water- steam with fail-safe action in heating systems	Actuator 5725-31 5725-81 5825-10/-1 (Force : (Product nu	0/-820 3/-20/-23 500 N)	with Type 3214 (2814), 2423 (2823), 3213 (2710), 3222 (2710), 2488 (2730), 2489 (2730) EU-Type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no. 01 202 641/B-19-0017-01 type-tested according to standard DIN EN 14597:2015, appendix DX		

that the object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation:

Legislation: STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS - 2016 No. 1105 - CONSUMER PROTECTION HEALTH AND SAFETY - The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016	PE(S)R 2016	2022
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module D	Certificate-No.: N° CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-22-DEU by Bureau Veritas 0062

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body: Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 8 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE (No. 0062)

Applied designated standards and technical specifications: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3, EN 12266-1, ASME B16.34

Manufacturer: SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 16th November 2022

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Dr. Andreas Widl Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Dr. Thomas Steckenreiter Chief Technology Officer (CTO)

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UK DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ORIGINAL



The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 Module H / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole resposibility:

Devices	Series	Туре	Version
Globe valve	240	3241	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN 150, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, from DN 100 fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹
Globe valve			EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Three-way valve	240	3244	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN 150, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, from DN 100 fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹
			EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Cryogenic valve	240	3248	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Globe valve	250	3251	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Globe valve	250	3251-E	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Three-way valve	250	3253	EN/ANSI, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Globe valve	250	3254	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	250	3256	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Split-body valve	250	3258	EN, all fluids
Angle valve (IG standards)	250	3259	EN, all fluids
		3281	EN/ANSI, all fluids
100 100	280	3284	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Steam-converting valve		3286	EN/ANSI, all fluids
		3288	EN, all fluids
~	V2001	3321	EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Globe valve			ANSI, all fluids
-	V2001	3323	EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
Three-way valve			ANSI, all fluids
Angle seat valve		3353	EN, body of steel, etc., all fluids
		3381-1	EN/ANSI, single attenuation plate with welding ends, all fluids
Silencer	3381	3381-3	EN/ANSI, all fluids
		3381-4	EN/ANSI, single attenuation plate multi-stage with welding ends, all fluids
Globe valve	240	3241	ANSI, body of gray cast iron, Class 125, from NPS 5, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Cryogenic valve	240	3246	EN/ANSI, all fluids
Three-way valve	250	3253	EN, body of gray cast iron from DN200 PN16, fluids G2, L1, L2 ¹⁾
Globe valve	290	3291	ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	290	3296	ANSI, all fluids
Cryogenic valve		3588	ANSI, up to NPS 6, Class 600, all fluids
Globe valve	590	3591	ANSI, all fluids
Angle valve	590	3596	ANSI, all fluids
Cryogenic valve	590	3598	ANSI, NPS 3 to NPS 8, Class 900, all fluids
Control valve	590	3595	ANSI, all fluids

¹⁾ Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent // Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii) acc. to PE(S)R 2016

that the object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation:

Legislation: STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS - 2016 No. 1105 - CONSUMER PROTEC- TION HEALTH AND SAFETY - The Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016	PE(S)R 2016	2022
Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)	Module H	Certificate-No.: N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-22-DEU by Bureau Veritas 0062

The manufacture's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body: Bureau Varitas Services SAS, 6 Cours du Triangle, 92800 PUTEAUX – LA DEFENSE (No. 0062) Applied designated standards and technicai specifications: EN 12516-2, EN 12516-3, EN 12266-1, ASME B16.34

Manufacturer: SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstrasse 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 16th November 2022

Dr. Andreas Widi Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Dr. Thomas Steckenreiter Chief Technology Officer (CTO)

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Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.A. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following products:

Types 3241-1-7 Pneumatic Control Valves consisting of the Type 3241 Valve and Type 3271/Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

We hereby declare that the machinery mentioned above complies with all applicable requirements stipulated in Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

For product descriptions of the valve and actuator, refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012
- Types 3271 and 3277 Actuators: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8310-X

Valve accessories (e.g. positioners, limit switches, solenoid valves, lock-up valves, supply pressure regulators, volume boosters and quick exhaust valves) are classified as machinery components in this declaration of conformity. Machinery components can be mounted onto the above specified final machinery if they comply with the specifications and properties defined by SAMSON Manual H 02 "Appropriate Machinery Components for SAMSON Pneumatic Control Valves with a Declaration of Conformity.

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comment:

Information on residual risks of the machinery can be found in the mounting and operating instructions of the valve and actuator as well as in the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 13 December 2021

i.V. Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

i. V. P. Ulume

i.V. Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

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Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

in accordance with Schedule 2 Part 2 Annex II, section 1.B. of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

For the following product: Type 3241 Globe Valve

We certify that the Type 3241 Globe Valves are partly completed machinery as defined in the in Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, (Part 7 of Schedule 2) part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2008 No. 1597 Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung f
 ür Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Frankfurt am Main, 13 December 2021

i. V. P. Unun

Stephan Giesen Director Product Management

Peter Scheermesser Director Product Life Cycle Management and ETO Development for Valves and Actuators

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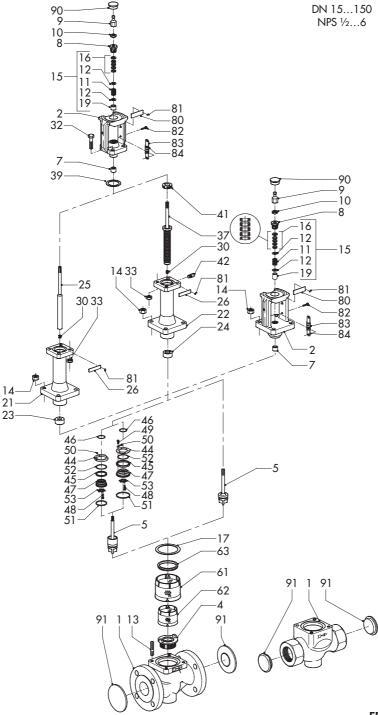
15 Annex

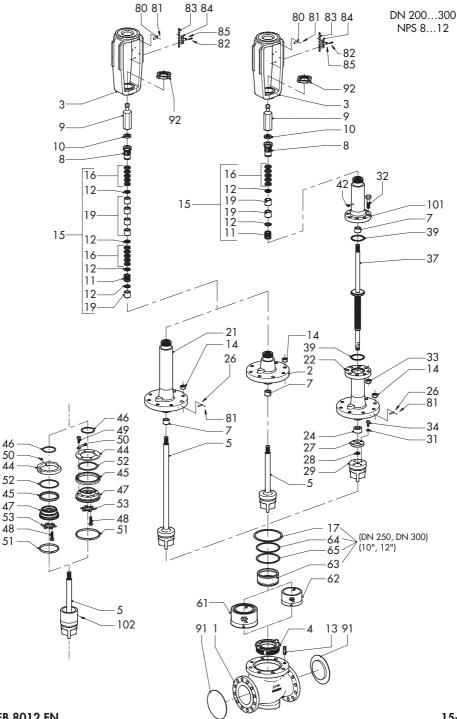
15.1 Tightening torques, lubricants and tools

► AB 0100 for tools, tightening torques and lubricants

15.2 Spare parts

1	Body	42	Screw plug with seal
2	Flange/valve bonnet	44	Ring/ring nut ¹⁾
3	Yoke	45	Packing ring 1)
4	Seat	46	Gasket 1)
5	Plug (with plug stem)	47	Support ¹⁾
7	Guide bushing (flange)	48	Hex screw ¹⁾
8	Threaded bushing (packing nut)	49	Hex screw ¹⁾
9	Stem connector nut	50	Lock 1)
10	Lock nut	51	Guide ¹⁾ (several guides only for version
11	Spring		with graphite seal)
12	Washer	52	Ring ¹⁾ (only for version with graphite
13	Stud bolt		seal)
14	Body nut	53	Snap ring ¹⁾
15	Packing (adjustable)	61	Flow divider ST 2 ²⁾
16	Packing	62	Flow divider ST 1 or ST 3 ²⁾
17	Body gasket	63	Ring ²⁾
19	Bushing	64	Gasket ²⁾
21	Insulating section	65	Gasket ²⁾
22	Bellows seal	80	Nameplate
23	Guide bushing (insulating section)	81	Grooved pin
24	Guide bushing (bellows seal)	82	Bolt
25	Plug stem extension	83/84	Travel indicator scale
26	Label (bellows seal or insulating section)	85	Bolt
27/28		90	Сар
31/34	Fastening parts	91	Protective cap
29	Plug for version with bellows seal	92	Nut
30	Retaining washers	101	Bellows bonnet
32	Bolt	102	Screw with snap ring ¹⁾ (only for version
33	Nut		with bellows seal)
37	Plug stem with bellows seal	1) Vers	sion with balanced valve plug
39	Gasket		sion with flow divider
41	Nut		





15.3 After-sales service

Contact our after-sales service for support concerning service or repair work or when malfunctions or defects arise.

E-mail address

You can reach our after-sales service at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com.

Addresses of SAMSON AG and its subsidiaries

The addresses of SAMSON AG, its subsidiaries, representatives and service facilities worldwide can be found on our website (www.samsongroup.com) or in all SAMSON product catalogs.

Required specifications

Please submit the following details:

- Order number and position number in the order
- Type, model number, valve size and valve version
- Pressure and temperature of the process medium
- Flow rate in m³/h
- Bench range of the actuator (e.g. 0.2 to 1 bar)
- Is a strainer installed?
- Installation drawing

15.4 Information on the UK sales area

The following information corresponds to the 2016 Regulations No. 1105 Pressure Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016, STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS, 2016 No. 1105 (UKCA marking). It does not apply to Northern Ireland.

Importer

SAMSON Controls Ltd Perrywood Business Park Honeycrock Lane Redhill, Surry RH1 5JQ Phone: +44 1737 766391 E-mail: sales-uk@samsongroup.com Website: uk.samsongroup.com

EB 8012 EN



SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Weismüllerstraße 3 · 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany Phone: +49 69 4009-0 · Fax: +49 69 4009-1507 samson@samsongroup.com · www.samsongroup.com